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Understanding Israel and world events from a Biblical perspective

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The site of the Nova Music Festival in the Re'im forest near the Israeli-Gaza border. | Photo: Yossi Aloni/Flash90

Two Years On: Peace After 7 October?

Two years have passed since the horrors of 7 October 2023. In the early hours of that day, on which the Jewish people celebrated *Simchat Torah* (Rejoicing in the Law), Islamist *jihadi* extremists from Gaza invaded Israel, and brutally slaughtered all innocent people they could find, Jews and non-Jews. Over two hundred individuals, including babies and Holocaust survivors, were taken hostage into Hamas tunnels. It was the worst attack on the Jewish people since the Holocaust.

A turbulent period followed, creating deep social and political divisions within Israel, devastating much of Gaza, ending the 'peace process', and reshaping the Middle East. In the months that followed, Israel moved to defeat long-time enemies it held responsible for the 7 October attack. In a series of meticulously-executed military operations, it has all-but destroyed Hamas in Gaza, wiped out Hezbollah in Lebanon, removed the

threat of Iran and Russia in Syria, and destroyed Iran's nuclear weapons programme.

But the cost has been huge. Many of the hostages and Israeli soldiers were killed. Social divisions within Israel have deepened. Antisemitism has surged globally, and Israel's public image has suffered. Israel is universally accused of committing 'genocide'. An increasing number of states have withdrawn their support of Israel and even thought it appropriate to recognise a 'State of Palestine'. Pressure has grown on Israel to reach an agreement to end the conflict.

The latest development was the announcement at a ceremony in the White House on 29 September by US President Trump and Israel's Prime Minister Netanyahu of a 20-point peace plan for Gaza.

Key aspects of this proposal involve the immediate

release of the remaining Israeli hostages, the disarming of Hamas, which will have no role in Gaza's future governance, gradual and total Israeli withdrawal from Gaza, and the introduction of regional Arab and international peacekeepers, reform the Palestinian Authority and facilitate reconstruction of Gaza. The plan is supported by a wide group of nations, including Saudi Arabia, Qatar, Egypt, Jordan and Turkey, and even Pakistan. The US will play a key role. Iran and Russia are being isolated. But, will it bring peace?

President Trump warned Hamas it would be 'obliterated' if it rejected the proposal. On 3 October, Hamas said it would release Israeli 'prisoners' if 'field conditions' allowed and was ready to negotiate the details. Talks were scheduled to begin in Egypt on 6 October 2025. But will Hamas accept the conditions? And how far will Israel, the US, and others go to secure peace?











Colophon

Israel & Christians Today is the premier publication of Christians for Israel.

Mission

Our mission is to bring Biblical understanding in the Church and among the nations concerning God's purposes for Israel and to promote comfort of Israel through prayer and action.

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The Trump Peace Plan Cannot End Islamist *jihad*

■ Andrew Tucker International Editor | Christians for Israel

The peace plan announced on 29 September is the closest thing to a realistic peace plan we have seen in the last two years. It ushers a breath of hope in the midst of despondency. It is a masterful piece of diplomatic craftsmanship.

On its face, the proposal looks like a win-win for both Israel and the Palestinian people. All Israeli hostages will be released. Hamas will have no role in Gaza's future governance and will be disarmed. Israel will gradually withdraw from all of Gaza (except a buffer zone), and regional Arab and international forces will act as peacekeepers to ensure reform of the Palestinian Authority and facilitate reconstruction of Gaza.

Hamas has been cornered. If it agrees, the war 'will immediately end'. Hamas will lay down its arms and commit to deradicalisation and peaceful coexistence. But if Hamas refuses to agree or does not release all hostages, Israel will retain the full right to continue its current military campaign, the aim of which is to dismantle Hamas and ensure the release of the hostages. Either way, international peacekeepers are to begin operating in those parts of Gaza currently controlled by Israeli forces even as the war continues to remove Hamas from the remaining 30% it still dominates. In order to create a 'New Gaza', a

technocratic government will be set up under leadership of President Trump and former UK Prime Minister Tony Blair. An economic plan will be created to redevelop Gaza. Independent monitors will oversee the demilitarisation of Gaza. An



Protesters call for an end to the war and release of Gaza hostages outside the US Embassy. | Photo: Flash90

International Stabilisation Force (ISF) will train and provide support to vetted Palestinian police forces in consultation with Jordan and Egypt.

But while the plan looks good on paper, in the Middle East not all is as it seems.

Even if Hamas accepts, the war will of course not come to an end. It will be a ceasefire at best. That is because Israel is not fighting a war against Hamas, but against a death-cult ideology financed by hostile Islamic states like Iran and Qatar that has spread like a cancer around the globe. Organisations adhering to this death cult operate covertly not only in Gaza but also the Arab parts of Jerusalem, Judea and Samaria (the 'West Bank'), Lebanon, Syria and Jordan, as well as Iraq, Iran and Turkey. This Islamist jihad ideology does not think in terms of conventional warfare. It never accepts defeat.

As military analyst Andrew Fox has remarked, "Hamas has consistently employed a long-term strategy. Its leadership knows that surviving to fight another day is itself a victory. After absorbing punishing losses, the group will be effectively conceding the battlefield to preserve its existence. By agreeing now, Hamas avoids total annihilation and secures the release of hundreds of its members from Israeli prisons. Any 'surrender' of arms and fighters will be nothing but theatre. A ceasefire means Hamas can regroup, reconstitute under the radar, even rebrand, and pivot to its next phase. Hamas will use the months and years after the end of hostilities to melt back into Gaza's social fabric and prepare for an insurgency or revival further down the line.... Do not be surprised if many fighters temporarily disappear into the population or slip into Egypt—patience is a virtue for the Muslim Brotherhood. By agreeing to this deal, Hamas does not embrace moderation; it has simply gained breathing space. This is a tactical pause, not a rejection of its ideological aim of 'jihad' against Israel."

Poin

Israel

- Pray for the release of all hostages still in captivity.
 Pray that those hostages who are still alive will survive until the moment of their release.
- Pray for deep inner healing for the people of Israel.
 Many carry heavy trauma, have lost someone in the war, or live in tension every day, waiting for loved ones to return safely from the front. Pray for restoration, supernatural peace, and God's comforting presence.
- From 22-24 September, the Jewish people celebrated Rosh Hashanah, the beginning of the Jewish New Year.
 Pray for peace, health, and for God's favor to be upon families and communities throughout the coming year.

Israel and the Nations

 Pray that more and more people will recognise and reject the propaganda spread by Hamas about the war in Gaza. Time and again, falsehoods are presented as truth in the mainstream media, often echoing Hamas's narrative. Pray that lies will be

- exposed, that Israel will not be continually vilified or unjustly accused, and that truth and clarity will break through the confusion.
- Although recent attacks from Israel and the United States have weakened Iran, the threat has not disappeared. The regime remains in power and continues to pursue Israel's destruction. Pray for Israel's protection against the demonic hatred and schemes rising from Iran, and ask that every plan of darkness would be exposed and defeated.

Christians for Israel

- Pray for the affiliates of Christians for Israel International worldwide. Pray that the good news of Biblical prophecies being fulfilled and God's people coming home, will be heard all over the world.
 - Give thanks for the work that Koen and Ira Carlier, together with their team do in Ukraine for the Jewish community. Pray that many people will receive help.

For daily Prayer Points, go to: www.c4israel.org



The Gaza Famine Lie

Jonathan Feldstein

Since 2004, I have lived in Israel, but Princeton is my legal US address from which I and my family file taxes, vote, and to which we get notices for jury duty. Princeton is in the New Jersey 12th district, represented by Congresswoman Bonnie Watson-Coleman. I receive her monthly updates about issues that she cares about, and how she's allocating federal dollars to projects in the district.

I used to think that Rep Watson-Coleman was just misguided. I have lobbied her office and written to her as well. Except for one staff member responding once, I have never heard back.

The ignorance which I used to attribute to her is clearly more than that. She's made it a point of not only walking out of or boycotting the Congressional address of Israeli Prime Minister Netanyahu, but featuring that as a major policy issue.

Last year Congresswoman Watson-Coleman disseminated a brazen lie, misrepresenting the number of deaths in Gaza since the 7 October 2023 Hamas attack and massacre. The number she quoted was higher than even the Hamas-controlled 'Gaza Health Ministry' was brazen enough to claim. I addressed it then, writing it off as simple ignorance, and being sucked into the propaganda fraud that the terrorist organisation projects to the world. Of course, she ought to be intelligent enough to check facts before reporting them, and especially as a congresswoman.

But hey, what's several thousand dead Gazans among friends if we can make Israel look bad, and in doing so conflate the number of people who have died of natural causes, the thousands of terrorists killed on 7-8 October 2023, and the tens of thousands targeted and killed since then.

This week I received Watson-Coleman's latest update. Under the heading 'Famine in Gaza,' in 200+ words, the

Congresswoman perpetuates numerous unproven allegations and outright lies. She should be ashamed.

She claims that "Gaza is a humanitarian disaster beyond measure." Does she forget humanitarian disasters and wars throughout Africa and Syria in the past two decades alone. Does she not remember famine so bad in Africa that the 1985 *Live Aid* global concert and \$245 million campaign which sought to alleviate that?

"Aid agencies have warned for over a year that a famine was coming, and now it's here." Really congresswoman? "Where's the famine?" is about as legitimate a question as "Where's the beef?" Aid agencies and the UN perpetuated these claims, even the idea that if something didn't change "14,000 babies would die"



Palestinians carry flour after aid arrives via Kerem Shalom crossing, Khan Yunis, 24 July 2025. | Photo: Flash90

immediately. That never happened. It's the worst lie because it's based on a fraud.

"The aid distribution system in Gaza is failing by design." Come on Congresswoman. Have you been there? Have you seen it? Do you know that the Gaza Humanitarian Foundation has provided more than 91 million meals since May 27 (for a population of 2.3 million)? That's about 1.5 million meals a day. Sounds to me like working by design. Or that Israel has renewed air drops of food and humanitarian supplies right into Gaza, hopefully into the hands of the Gazans and not their Hamas masters.

This Watson-Coleman lie really got me. "Aid trucks are stuck at the border..."
Congresswoman, I hope you're not as unreliable in all your other work representing New Jersey's 12th as you are on this one. The only aid trucks "stuck at the border" were nearly 1000 such trucks, on the Gaza side of the border. Until embarrassed to do something this week, the UN was literally letting the aid rot in the sun.

On the Israeli side of the border, on one day alone this month, as many as 166 trucks entered Gaza, with 180 more scheduled. Even on the slowest days, as few as 29 truckloads are reported to have crossed into Gaza. Averaging the high and the low, that's 97 truckloads per day, or 2900 per month.

"Since May, over 1,000 Palestinians have been killed by Israeli forces while trying to reach aid." It's a war and people are tragically dying, but how does she know Israeli forces killed 1,000 "trying to reach aid"? It sounds like she's repeating Hamas propaganda and spreading falsehoods. This should be investigated.

My Congresswoman claims that there is "continued ethnic cleansing of the Palestinian people." Of course that's a baseless lie as well. As grave as the human

suffering is, and as tragic as the death of any one innocent civilian truly is, the population of Gaza in the context of a war to eliminate Hamas that's deeply embedded among the civilian population, and return 50 hostages who have been in captivity for over 600 days, has not been ethnically cleansed. There is no genocide. Even with the unproven Hamas death toll, there's been a similar increase in births. The variable is 100,000+ who have left Gaza, which all Gazans should be allowed to do for their own safety and well-being. Getting civilians out of a war zone happened in Ukraine, Syria, and between African nations at war. Why is it that only Gazans are prevented from such protection in neighbouring Arab countries?

The worst part of Watson-Coleman's 200+ word diatribe, is that not once does she mention the hostages. Not once does she mention Hamas, her patrons of 'truth.' Not once does she mention that Hamas has hijacked the distribution of aid throughout Gaza and is opposed to the Gaza Humanitarian Foundation's aid because it circumvents their control. Not once does she mention that if Hamas had not started this war, conducted the massacre, and kidnapped more than 250 people, there would be no war, no suffering, and no allegations of starvation, ethnic cleansing, or other fraudulent claims that she perpetrates.

The answer is as glaring as her lies. Because if you cannot blame suffering on the Jews, there's no news. As she notes in conclusion, we should not "have the privilege to look away." Indeed Congresswoman. Your lies are in the spotlight for all to see, and your credibility is nil.

Jonathan Feldstein, president of the Genesis 123
Foundation and RunforZion.com, builds bridges between
Jews and Christians. He hosts the 'Inspiration from Zion'
podcast and edits the forthcoming book, Israel the
Miracle. He and his family moved to Israel in 2004 and
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Short News

Mega Deal



Israel and Egypt signed an important gas agreement. It concerns the biggest export agreement in Israel's history. The value of the agreement is 35 billion US dollars. The gas is extracted from the Leviathan gas field, one of the world's largest deepwater gas fields near the Israeli coast, and then exported to Egypt.

It is expected that the deal will be operational next year and runs until 2040. | Photo: Flash 90

Mental Health Crisis

The longer the war drags on, the more Israelis suffer from sleep disorders, fatigue, anxiety and restlessness. This is evident from a survey conducted among 1,100 Israeli. The Israeli attack on Iran in June has aggravated these health problems.

Half the population indicated that they are not getting enough sleep to function well. Twenty percent described its mental condition as moderate or poor and thirty percent needs mental support. In addition, 25 percent of the parents reported a deterioration in their children's behaviour.

Antisemitism 'Normal'



Antisemitism in the UK appears to be increasingly 'normalised', according to a survey conducted on behalf of the main umbrella organisation of the local Jewish community. One of the researchers: "We are shocked by the increasingly normalisation of many more extreme, personal and at times life changing actions against individuals, purely and simply because they are Jewish." Antisemitism occurs mainly in the national health service, higher education and in the artistic sector. | Photo: Shutterstock.



Qatar's Duplicity Exposed

Hussein Aboubakr Mansour Egyptian-American Analyst

The American-managed order built around the Israel-Palestine Conflict functioned with a single, overriding imperative: to ensure the continuity of the management game. The logic of this system was not to resolve conflicts but to maintain a sustainable equilibrium. For decades, it thrived on calibrated and controlled violence. Flare-ups in Gaza and skirmishes on the Lebanese border were less failures than mechanisms of self-regulation—contained ruptures that revalidated brokers, refreshed alliances, and allowed the choreography of crisis management to resume.

Within this order, Qatar built its foreign policy on the systematic cultivation of ambiguity. Lacking the military weight of its larger Gulf neighbours, it turned vulnerability into leverage by positioning itself as indispensable to all parties. By funding and hosting Islamist actors such as Hamas and the Muslim Brotherhood, it ensured it could not be bypassed when Washington, Jerusalem, or others needed a channel. By maintaining ties with Iran while hosting the most important US air base in the region, it made itself unavoidable in any conversation about Gulf security. Through Al Jazeera, it extended this indispensability into the world of media, narrative, and radicalism, amplifying Islamist, leftist, and anti-Western voices that could then only be countered through engagement with Doha. Through its deep investment in the fiefdoms that are the American universities, it also managed to be on the good side of the new papacy.

For Washington, this duplicity was not a liability but a function of system maintenance. Qatar's contradictions were valuable to the State Department, the intelligence community, and much of the Beltway. Qatar has eager, all too eager, fans and cheerleaders in Crystal City, Foggy Bottom, and Langley. They allowed the US to outsource opposition management, keeping channels open to actors it could not formally recognize, while preserving the fiction of stability. As long as the United States required both Al-Udeid and a broker for Islamist opposition, Doha's position was assumed secure.

Thus, Qatar's rise was inseparable from the neoliberal order. It financialised politics through endowments to Western universities, investments in think tanks, and the purchase of visibility in sports and media. It outsourced security by inflating its small size through contradictions while taking on the outsourced tasks of opposition management and elite patronage for the West. Its influence rested on a narrative economy, with Al Jazeera functioning as both commodity and ideological export. The power Qatar amassed was, in a thoroughly neoliberal fashion, the power of the network. It was not concentrated in a single form—military or economic—but dispersed across transnational nodes and supply chains of influence. The very structure of this network allowed Doha to appear indispensable, embedding the logic of the regional order in its survival, and in doing so becoming an embodiment of liberal world management.

The recent Israeli strike in Doha cuts directly across that logic. It is the first time a major US ally has bombed another on territory so tightly bound to the American presence. However the details unfold, the



UK newspaper covers the day after Israel's strike on Hamas leaders in Qatar. | Photo: Shutterstock

fact of the strike itself demonstrates that the system of managed incoherence has reached a revision point. That President Trump almost certainly gave at least tacit approval reinforces a pattern already visible in his foreign policy: *impatience with the permanent management of contradictions, and a preference for outcomes over process, even at the cost of rupture.*

The strike may mark the revision of a system, exposing the contradictions on which Qatar's indispensability rested as increasingly unsustainable. Al-Udeid was meant to guarantee immunity, to shield Qatar from retaliation, and to ensure its ambiguity could continue without consequence. By striking in Doha, Israel has shown that even the presence of American military infrastructure can no longer protect Hamas leaders or the state that hosts them. What once made Qatar valuable—sheltering Islamists under the US umbrella—has now become its vulnerability.

For Washington, this marks a potential shift. The management model allowed the United States to extend influence at relatively low cost, deferring the risks of decisive action. A turn toward outcomes introduces uncertainty: allies may be forced into sharper choices, and the architecture that relied on Doha's duplicity may not be easily replaced. Yet the strike indicates that Washington is willing to accept those uncertainties. In effect, the United States is testing whether an order once sustained by contradiction can be preserved, or remade, through shock.

For Qatar, the implications are existential. Its ruling family built foreign policy on the belief that ambiguity would always be tolerated. That assumption has now been broken twice in the same year, first by Iran and now, much more drastically, by Israel. Even so, Iran's earlier strike on American targets was symbolic, absorbed into the long-standing cycle of hostility between Washington and Tehran, and could be spun by *Al Jazeera* for its Islamist and leftist audiences. Israel's action was categorically different: it tried to assassinate Qatar-protected Hamas leaders in Doha itself, puncturing Qatar's promise of sanctuary and exposing the contradiction on which its entire role in the system depended.

Doha's indispensability rested on two pillars: providing

sanctuary for Islamist actors and serving as mediator acceptable to both radicals and the West. Both have been compromised. Hamas leaders were struck in the heart of the capital, and Qatar was unable to protect them. It is no longer clear that Doha can convene negotiations without appearing vulnerable, or that Washington will shield it from retaliation.

This forces choices Qatar has long avoided. It can move decisively toward alignment with the United States and Israel, scaling back its sponsorship of Islamists and attempting to reinvent itself as a conventional Gulf partner, alienating the networks it has built through media and educational patronage. Or it can double down, presenting itself as the victim of external violation and clinging to its Islamist ties—a path that risks isolation and exposure. Neither preserves the delicate balance that previously defined its strategy.

The broader system is also exposed. For decades, Qatar's role and the irresolution of the Israel–Palestine conflict were treated as permanent fixtures. They appeared to serve everyone's interests: Doha gained leverage, the United States preserved channels, Islamists secured patronage, and Israel tolerated the arrangement so long as Hamas could be contained. 7 October shattered that premise. The scale of Hamas's crimes crossed a threshold Israel could not accept, sparking an international effort to restrain Jerusalem and preserve the system. Yet Washington ultimately backed Israel and, in doing so, revealed the limits of managed incoherence.

What seemed like a durable equilibrium was in fact a contingent design, sustainable only so long as contradictions remained manageable. Once they became intolerable—once Hamas's presence in Qatar was judged no longer useful—the arrangement collapsed. The same logic applies to the wider conflict. What has long been presented as insoluble but stable may, under new strategic preferences in Washington and Jerusalem, become subject to revision rather than endless maintenance. Under Trump, especially, the American role could be shifting from endless management to the pursuit of outcomes, even if those outcomes fracture the very system Washington once laboured to preserve.



Trap Ahead in Egypt Talks?

■ Yaakov Lappin

As Israeli and Hamas delegations head to Egypt to negotiate the details of the USled plan to end the two-year war, Hamas faces a stark choice: accept a deal that would begin with the near-immediate release of all Israeli hostages and culminate in its eventual disarmament. or face the alternative—a renewed, fullscale Israeli military campaign aimed at forcibly removing it from power in Gaza. Brig Gen (res) Yossi Kuperwasser, director of the Jerusalem Institute for Strategy and Security (JISS) and former head of the IDF Military Intelligence Directorate's Analysis and Production Division, said that the first test of the plan will come in the context of the hostages.

"Is Hamas going to release all of them in the time frame decided upon, or not? I think that Hamas understands that if they are not going to deliver, the alternative is that Israel is going to get a green light from President Trump to finish the job, as he was describing it, and get Hamas out of power in Gaza by force. And this alternative is not very attractive for Hamas," he added.

Kuperwasser assessed that Hamas has the capability to locate and release all 48 remaining hostages—20 living and 28 bodies—within a few days. However, accepting the deal would amount to admitting that the 7 Oct. massacre was a catastrophic mistake for which it has paid a heavy price, he argued. "Giving up control of Gaza is a huge loss for Hamas, and the disarming of Hamas is a major setback," Kuperwasser noted.

The plan is performance-based, not timetable-based, said Kuperwasser. All of its clauses following the hostage release—including the establishment of a Palestinian technocratic government, the deployment of an International Stabilization Force (ISF), and a massive reconstruction and economic

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programme for Gaza—are contingent on Hamas verifiably disarming.

Israel, he added, will in any case retain security control over the Gaza perimeter and the Philadelphi Corridor —separating Gaza from Egypt—to prevent the Strip from being rearmed. Kuperwasser said regional powers including Qatar, Turkey, and Egypt are exerting intense pressure on Hamas to accept the deal, both to 'save Hamas' from annihilation by the IDF and to advance their own interests with the United States.

Kuperwasser: "What worries the Qataris was that Israel was getting closer and closer to removing Hamas from power by force. The military move that Israel carried out was a major incentive for everybody to hurry up and convince Hamas to accept the deal. Continuing the attack on Gaza City would mean that many more buildings in Gaza City are going to be destroyed and the damage to the Palestinians and to the Palestinian infrastructure is going to be much more immense than it is already. And we have to remember, until now we did very limited damage to the areas at the heart of Gaza City. So, when they saw the buildings, the high-rise buildings in Gaza, falling apart, that clarified to them what's going to happen and why it's necessary to move fast and make Israel stop before everything turns into rubble."

Regarding Turkey, he added, Ankara has regional ambitions to become a hegemonic power in the Middle East, supported by a strong military and Qatar's financial backing. "They believe that this axis of the Muslim Brotherhood can gain more power. When Hamas is under pressure, it's not good for the axis of the Muslim Brotherhood, and that's why they try to save Hamas. They understand that, in order to save Hamas, they have to support the deal," said Kuperwasser.

"On top of that, both Qatar and Turkey are very close to the United States. They

need American support, and the Turks are, of course, expecting to get the F-35 from the United States and other benefits. They are also suffering some sort of economic crisis, so they need American support. Trump is more than ready to help, provided the Turks supply something in return," he added.

Col (res) Moshe Elad, lecturer at Western Galilee College in Acre, warned that Hamas is likely setting a 'trap' for Israel and the United States, and that its apparent acceptance of the deal is a deceptive manoeuvre.

"It is clear that if Hamas is willing to release the hostages for only terrorists in return, it is in trouble. It has run out of 'ammunition,' and therefore I am doubtful this will work," Elad told JNS.

He pointed out that Hamas have already announced they do not agree to demilitarisation and the expulsion of its operatives, and that they want to participate in the future control of the Strip—three points out of 20 that are an explicit rejection of the agreement's clauses.

Elad elaborated that Hamas is trying to create the impression of flexibility while fundamentally refusing to concede on the issues that matter most: its weapons and its power. He argued that the terror group's goal is to draw Israel into a process that ends the war on Hamas's terms, allowing it to survive and rebuild, thereby claiming a historic victory. Elad cautioned that Israel and its allies should not fall for this ruse, as Hamas's ideology and long-term goals remain unchanged.

"It seems that President Trump has not yet internalised that in the Middle East, every agreement, every idea, and every negotiation has the character of a Turkish bazaar. What happened during the 48 hours from the time the plan was made public and until Hamas's 'agreement,' is that big words met a complex reality," he said.

Short News

Judea and Samaria



Eight American states come up with legislative proposals that oblige government agencies to call the Israeli territory occupied by Jordan from 1948 until 1967 (since then known as the West Bank), Judea and Samaria again. By calling this territory by its proper historic and Biblical name, the Jewish ties are emphasised, according to the initiators. | Photo: Shutterstock

Tech Injection

The American technology giant NVIDIA plans to build an enormous technology centre in the North of Israel. The construction involves several billions. This will make the company the biggest employer in the high-tech sector of the country. This also strengthens the position of Israel as the leading technological centre in the region that is plagued by unrest. According to Dror Bin, director of Israel's Innovation Authority is this decision a clear sign of trust in the Israeli tech industry.

Breakthrough

Israeli scientists have developed a remarkably accurate method to ascertain a person's age based on a small DNA sample. The tool is called MAgeNet and can predict the chronological age with an average error margin of only 1.36 years for persons under 50 years of age. In contrast to previous models that demand tens or hundreds of generic markers, MAgeNet only needs data from two specific areas in the genome.

Nearly Bankrupt



The port of Eilat in the South of Israel, is struggling to survive. Since 7 October the port had to halt ninety percent of its activities. Because the Houthis attack ships in the Red Sea, only a few ships arrive to unload their cargo in Eilat. The port has asked the Israeli Government for help, as there is a short-term threat of closure. | Photo: Flash90

are very close to the United States. They complex reality,"

Humanitarian Aid to Gaza
Since the resumption of aid entry in May



10,000+ humanitarian aid trucks



80% food trucks



5,000+ tons of baby food



2,500+ tons of medical equipment



2,300+ food packages airdropped by 12 countries



weekly food packages for families at the distribution sites

| Source: COGAT (Coordinator of the Government Activities in the Territories). https://govextra.gov.il/cogat/humanitarian-efforts/home/

7 Oct.—Two Years On/

Behind the Scenes

■ Rev Henk Poot Christians for Israel Netherlands

The war in Gaza, or rather Israel's war on seven fronts, has captured global attention for two years now. Israel is in the spotlight. And the whole world is watching.

Everyone seems to have an opinion. In the past, I was a naval chaplain in the submarine service, and one of the things I learned is that there is much more going on behind the scenes in politics than people realise. We carried out missions unknown to the media. And I think that is still the case in politics.

In *Numbers* 22, we read that God's people, on their way to the Promised Land, arrive in the fields of Moab. We read about King Balak, the prophet Balaam and about God intervening and demanding that Balaam not curse Israel. We see how Balaam requires the

king of Moab to bring offerings as a prelude to the curse he is supposed to pronounce. But it does not happen; instead, Balaam blesses them, saying: "How can I curse those whom God has not cursed?" (Numbers 23:8). He speaks of Israel as a people who are unique and different among the nations, and at the end he sees a star heralding the great King of the Jews (Numbers 24).

Promises

Meanwhile, Israel remains unaware of this. God intervenes on behalf of His people, and it happens behind the scenes. That is where the Lord decides the course of events! This remains true today. We know that there are great promises in the Bible. For example, in *Psalm 28: "Save Your people and bless Your inheritance; be their shepherd and carry them forever."* So when you read God's Word, it does give you a glimpse behind the scenes.



Illustration of a Hebrew Bible. | Photo: Chaim Goldberg/Flash90

"Save Your people and bless Your inheritance; be their shepherd and carry them forever." Psalm 28:9

Israel's Leaders Lulled by Hamas 'Stability' Myth Before 7 Oct.

Ryan Jones Israel Today

The 7 Oct. catastrophe was no surprise attack—it was the price of delusion, a 'conceptzia' that infected Israel's entire ruling class.

It is now nearly two years since Hamas's genocidal assault on southern Israel, and the revelations keep piling up. Each one is more damning than the last. The latest: a Mossad position paper, published a mere two weeks before the slaughter of 7 Oct., confidently declared that Hamas "was not interested in a military confrontation with Israel."

Let that sink in. Just days before terrorists stormed across the border, burning, raping, and butchering, Israel's premier intelligence service, and one of the most revered and feared spy agencies the world, publicly assured the country that Hamas had been deterred and was seeking 'stability.'

The report, exposed by Israel's Channel 12, painted Hamas as cautious and defensive. Its military wing, the Mossad paper suggested, was merely on alert for targeted assassinations, not planning an assault of historic proportions. "It is clear that the Hamas leadership in Gaza is not interested in a military confrontation with Israel at the present time," it stated flatly. How could such a conclusion have been drawn? Even then, Hamas was launching incendiary balloons into Israel. Gaza was boiling with preparations—training exercises, weapons smuggling, tunnel expansion.

And yet, in the halls of power in Tel Aviv and Jerusalem, the ruling class saw only what it wanted to see: relative calm.

This wasn't just an intelligence misfire. It was a systemic failure, rooted in what Israelis have come to call the 'conceptzia.' The term dates back to the 1973 Yom Kippur War, when Israel's leaders clung to the false assumption that Egypt and Syria would not dare attack. The conceptzia blinded them to reality, lulled the country into complacency, and left the IDF flat-footed on the holiest day of the Jewish calendar. Fifty years later, history repeated itself— only this time the enemy struck on Simchat Torah, the final day of the biblical Sukkot holiday. What is most galling is how deep the rot went. Four months before the massacre, Mossad chief David Barnea reportedly urged then-Defense Minister Yoav Gallant to approve a programme of benefits for Gaza in exchange for 'long-term quiet.' The strategy was simple: buy off Hamas with Qatari cash, work permits, and economic incentives, and hope they stayed satisfied.

This was not unique to the Mossad. The entire political and military establishment—from prime ministers and defense ministers to generals and intelligence chiefs—subscribed to the same delusion. The 'management' of Hamas, rather than its defeat, became policy. The wolf at the door was treated as a partner to be pacified. *Channel 12* journalist Omri Maniv rightly skewered the Mossad's attempt to disclaim responsibility. The agency



Israel paid dearly for preferring illusions over hard truths. And not for the first time. | Photo: Flash90

rushed to say it had no official mandate over Gaza assessments. Yet if that were so, why publish a detailed, confident position paper? "If you don't know what's going on there," Maniv asked, "why are you issuing such a document?" The answer is obvious: the *conceptzia* was all-encompassing. No branch of Israel's leadership escaped it.

This failure must not be downplayed as hindsight nitpicking. It is not about blaming one agency or one minister. It is about a political culture that prefers illusions over hard truths. Hamas did not 'hide' its intentions. It declared them daily. It trained openly. It dug its tunnels, amassed rockets, and broadcasted its genocidal ambitions. Israelis simply refused to believe that the worst could happen.

7 Oct. shattered that illusion. And yet,

the lesson has not fully sunk in. Even now, as some in Israel's political class consider temporary truces, international trusteeships, or 'reconstruction frameworks' for Gaza, one wonders: is the *conceptzia* reconstituting itself in real time?

The price of delusion is written in blood. The mothers and fathers slaughtered in their homes, the children burned alive, the hostages still languishing in tunnels—all are testimony to what happens when leaders fall captive to their own assumptions.

Israel cannot afford another *conceptzia*. Not in Gaza, not in Judea and Samaria, not against Hezbollah in the north, not with Iran on the horizon. The Jewish state must relearn a bitter truth: when an enemy swears to destroy you, believe him.

7 Oct.—Two Years On /-

"Never Lose Hope"

■ Renkse Lankman

Christians for Israel Netherlands

"Share our story, be our ambassador, because there is too little attention for the hostages." This heartfelt plea comes from released Israeli hostage Omer Wenkert. Omer recently shared his story about his captivity in Gaza. A story filled with fear, pain, and sorrow, but also one of hope and faith.

On the morning of 7 October 2023, Omer arrived at the Nova music festival with his best friend Kim. When the large-scale rocket attack from Gaza suddenly began, Omer and Kim flee in their car and decide to take cover in a bomb shelter along the side of the road. "At one point, we heard someone shout 'Allah Akbar' and a grenade was thrown inside. Then another and another. There were human body parts everywhere. Then the terrorists tried to set the shelter on fire. That's when I knew: this is the end. I didn't want my family to have to bury a burnt body, so I ran out of the shelter. I expected to be shot, but instead, I was handcuffed. I wet my pants from fear."

Rock Bottom

Within an hour, Omer was trapped in the tunnels of Gaza. "I said to myself: 'Omer, this is your life now, there's nothing you can do about being kidnapped. Your family is waiting for you at the end of this road.' For the first fifty days, I was held captive with other hostages. After that, I was confined alone for 197 days. Yet I never felt alone, and this was really because of your prayers." To keep himself sane, Omer decided to be grateful for everything he received, no matter how small. "I decided to look at what I did have and not at what I didn't have. That's when I started to feel stronger mentally, until May 2024. Negotiations between Israel and Hamas stalled during that period, and my guards took it out on me. They beat and kicked me every day. That's when I reached the lowest point in my life. I thought the end was near."

Favourite Movie

Things began to change when Omer was brought together with three other hostages shortly afterwards. "We established a routine to remain human



Former hostage Omer Wenkert. | Photo: Avshalom Sassoni/Flash90

in inhumane circumstances. For example, we had a 'movie night' every evening, where one of us had to talk about their favourite movie."

Better Days

In the final months before his release, Omer was barely fed and lost twenty kilograms. After 505 days, Omer was finally released and reunited with his parents, who had given up everything since 7 October to fight for their son's return. His mother shares: "I never lost hope. I believed that Omer would come back. So never lose your hope and faith, because better days will come."

Editor's Note: In February 2024, we shared Omer's story with our readers. His grandmother, Holocaust survivor Tzili Wenkert, made a heartfelt plea, urging people to pray for her grandson and all the hostages. "Prayers have power," she insisted, a sentiment that has resonated with many. Today, as we share Omer's story, we reflect on the power of prayer, the perseverance of the families, and the grace of the Almighty.

Emotional Return: First Nefesh B'Nefesh Flight Since 7 October 2023

■ Menachem Wecker

It wasn't lost on Ofir Sofer, the Israeli *Aliyah* and integration minister, how unusual it was for someone of his prominence to fly to another country solely to board a charter return flight full of new immigrants.

"Flights like this—a big group of *olim* that come in one day to Israel is a strong message that is conveyed to our people that is not just happening today. It's happened since 7 October." Sofer told JNS aboard the first Nefesh B'Nefesh charter flight since the terrorist attacks in southern Israel on 7 October 2023.

JNS spoke with the minister after he recited the evening prayer and as the El Al crew dimmed the lights and the plane flew over the ocean, Tel Avivbound. A sea of blue T-shirts, many customised with family names, filled the plane. 225 people made *Aliyah* on the flight—its 65th to date—that landed in Israel on 20 August.

The 45 families, 125 children, and 10 single immigrants ranged in age from nine months to 72 years. Before departing JFK, they sang *Hatikvah* under the watch of heavily armed Port Authority officers.

Despite rising Jew-hatred in the United States necessitating such guards at US

airports, Sofer said that the new immigrants were motivated to move to Israel rather than fleeing from North America. "I talked to a few families. They told me that they thought about *Aliyah*. I asked them when they decided. They decided in the last year, but they thought about it for eight years, decades," he said. "7 Oct. pushed them to make the decision."

"Our responsibility as the government of the State of Israel is to care that every Jew can be in any state in the world, especially with our allies," Sofer said. "After that, I say that our home is in Israel. People who decided now to make *Aliyah* write the history of Israel with their feet."

"Abba, is it Safe?"

Dovid and Shoshana Tauber flew with their four children after five years near Philadelphia. Dovid, a medical school graduate from Israel, plans to work as a pediatrician. The flight also included five physicians, nurses, psychologists, and physical therapists, part of Nefesh's push to bring medical professionals to Israel.

7 Oct. didn't change the family's plans, but it "surely does make the decision feel different," Tauber said. "You don't see people moving from a relatively safe area to a war zone, and yet here we are with 45 families making *Aliyah*."

Tauber worried more about his



Rabbi Joshua Broide, wife Simone, and their children arrive in Israel on the first Nefesh B'Nefesh charter flight since 7 Oct., at Ben-Gurion Airport, 20 Aug 2025.

children's education than their safety, though he found their fear of anti-Jewish sentiment in the US jarring. When he put an Israeli flag on his car on *Yom Ha'atzmaut*, (Israel's Independence Day) his daughter said, "Abba, is it safe to do that?"

He looks forward to the 'oneness' in Israel, where he noted that buses wish a *Shabbat shalom* on Friday afternoon and billboards offer well wishes ahead of Jewish holidays. "That's the next level," he said. "Every step and breath we take in Eretz Yisrael is a breath of freedom and godliness."

Fulfilling a Dream

Elizabeth Snyder of New York, one of the single travelers, said she felt a lifelong connection to Israel. "The flight was exciting and emotional because everyone was coming here for the same reason," she said.

"Today's charter flight is more than symbolic—it's an investment in Israel's future," said Tony Gelbart, Nefesh B'Nefesh co-founder. "These *olim* are fulfilling their dream of making Israel home, and we're honored to help make it happen."

First published in JNS (abridged by editor).

Biblical, Historical and Comfort for Israel

■ Jordan Raphael Christians for Israel Fiji

It has been some time since I last contributed an article to *Israel & Christians Today* on behalf of Christians for Israel Fiji. Since then, there has been a significant and heartening development in Fiji's relationship with Israel: Fiji has now established its Embassy in Jerusalem. To God alone be the praise and glory.

What began in 2010 as a dream deeply etched in the hearts of Christians for Israel Fiji—to see an Embassy established in the eternal and undivided capital of the Jewish State of Israel, Yerushalayim (Jerusalem)—has now come to pass after 15 years of toil. Along the way there were speaking engagements with churches, prayers with families, groups and other denominations, and the 70th Anniversary March for Israel in Suva, Fiji, in 2018. I gratefully acknowledge the persistent Fijian brothers and sisters in Christ who have gone before us, who prayed and envisioned this day, and I praise God for their lives.

At the end of 2022, a new three-party coalition government was formed through democratic elections—an outcome in which we believe God moved mightily, working through the voice of the people and the power of the pen.

One of the non-negotiables agreed upon by the three political parties—the People's Alliance, the National Federation Party, and the Social Democratic Party—was the establishment of Fiji's Embassy not in Tel Aviv, but in *Yerushalayim*, the eternal and undivided capital of the Jewish State of Israel.

After more than 12 months of maneuvering, the Fijian Coalition Government, through Cabinet, announced its decision to establish an Embassy in *Yerushalayim*, the capital of



PM Netanyahu congratulates PM Rabuka at the opening of Fiji's Embassy in Jerusalem. | Photo: C41 Fiji

the State of Israel—a bold and courageous move. From a biblical standpoint, this was only natural. We praise God for this move, and as Rev Willem Glashouwer often reminds us, when we witness a divine act, we see 'God in Action.'

A date was set, and on 17 September 2025, history was made. A government delegation, led by Fiji's Hon Prime Minister Sitiveni Ligamamada Rabuka—who previously served as a Fijian Military Officer, Senior Plans Officer on UNIFIL peacekeeping duties in Lebanon (1980-1981), and Commanding Officer with the Multinational Force and Observers in the Sinai Peninsula (1983–1985) —travelled to Israel, for this historic and moving occasion to officially establish the Fijian Embassy in Yerushalayim. PM Rabuka, who previously served as Prime Minister from 1987 to 1999, is now serving his second term in office. After 23 long years, we believe God resurrected PM Rabuka's political career, culminating in this historic decision. For Fiji and its Christian community, this

represents a significant achievement for both the government and the nation as a whole. The move also reflects Fiji's commitment to enhanced cooperation with Israel in climate resilience, agriculture, security, and technology.

In the news, we often hear of wars, rumours of wars, and even shootings in *Yerushalayim*, yet the Fijian Government was undeterred— not even a siren warning upon our arrival on 16 September 2025 delayed Fiji's plans.

The event was attended by the Hon Prime Minister of Israel, Benjamin Netanyahu, who also blessed the Embassy by placing a *Mezuzah* on the right side of its front entrance.

PM Netanyahu was also accompanied by Israeli Foreign Minister Gideon Moshe Saár, Deputy Personal Assistant Sharen Haskel, Israel's Ambassador to Fiji His Excellency Roi Rosenblit, Fiji's Honorary Consul to Israel Rafael Dayan, and members of Friends of Israel.

A historic event indeed. As Hon PM Netanyahu noted, Fiji's Embassy is located near the walls of the ancient city where biblical prophets spoke and kings of Israel once ruled. Fiji is the seventh nation to recognise *Yerushalayim* as Israel's capital—a biblical truth fulfilled—and the number seven holds special significance in Jewish tradition.

A significant move by our Fijian government, one that reminds me of *Isaiah 40:I: "Comfort, comfort my people,"* says your God.

The timing was significant. We did not come to show our friendship during a time of celebration or dancing in the streets of *Yerushalayim*. Rather, we came to establish our Embassy while Israel was at war on several fronts, mourning the soldiers lost during the conflict in Gaza, and while 48 hostages were still held captive by Hamas terrorists.

That, in my view, reflects true friendship—not only in good times, but also in times of war, when Israel needed comfort and camaraderie.

I believe that now it's a completely different ball game. We need to ensure that our votes at the United Nations count in support of Israel.

Furthermore, there is a shift in perspective, for if your feet are in Yerushalayim (the centre of the earth—Ezekiel 5:5), the farthest piece of land from Yerushalayim is Fiji. This move, therefore, completes a full circle. Our Lord and Saviour Yeshua told His disciples to "spread the Good News of the Gospel from Yerushalayim to Judea, Samaria, and to the ends of the earth" (Acts 1:8). Our beloved Fiji truly sits at the ends of the world.

As I see it, the establishment of Fiji's Embassy in the Holy City—the City of the Great King, *Yerushalayim*—directly connects the centre of the earth to its farthest ends.

Standing for Israel in New Zealand

Bryce Turner

Executive Director | Christians for Israel New Zealand

There is a very small Jewish population —less than 10,000—living in the beautiful paradise of New Zealand, a mere blip in the modest 5 million population. The portion of Jews who are Israeli is smaller still. Although somewhat sheltered from the university occupations and the rabid riots seen in the northern hemisphere, antisemitism is rising. Once almost completely unseen, politely hidden at worst, antisemitism is now paraded down the streets behind various pro-Palestinian flags. A recent conversation with the chair of Ebenezer Operation Exodus revealed that—for the first time ever—they were in discussion with Jewish people in New Zealand, looking to assist them to make *Aliyah* to the safety of Israel.

A recent protest organised by Palestinian supporters in Auckland, New Zealand, attracted a crowd of approximately 12–14,000 people. Promotion in the media, along with several local incidents, brought caution and reservation from the normal opposition to this group—especially those supporting Israel. Two small but vocal groups of Israel supporters—and Hamas opponents—braved the crowds as they marched throughout central Auckland (New Zealand's largest city). Although this brave group numbered hundreds, and not thousands, they stood firm and demonstrated their opposition to the pending UN discussion over recognising the terrorist state of Palestine. It was observed, however, that for those who look to the heavens, a different message flew through the skies above the crowds. Much to the delight of the



few, but stirring great mirth from the crowds who were supporting the terrorist regime. That message was very simple: 'BRING THEM HOME NOW—free the hostages.' | Photo: Christians for Israel New Zealand



Palestine Recognition Undermines Law

■ Prof Gregory Rose Senior Fellow | thinc.

Many states have decided to recognise a State of Palestine. This decision undermines international law and established norms for defining statehood. Unilateral recognition violates the Oslo Accords, a treaty that remains binding on both parties. The Accords defer determination of borders to final status negotiations and preclude actions that prejudice either party's rights in this regard. Disregarding the Accords for the sake of symbolic recognition sets a troubling precedent that treaties—as legally binding instruments—can be cast aside for political expediency. This risks undermining the rule of law and treaty obligations everywhere—a cornerstone of stable international relations.

Recognition does not confer statehood; in order to qualify as a state, and entity must satisfy the established criteria under international law. This is essential for maintaining stability and coherence within the international system. 'Palestine' fails to meet the established legal criteria for statehood under Article 1 of the Montevideo Convention on the Rights and Duties of States (1933). The four legal requirements are: permanent population, defined territory, effective government, and capacity to enter foreign relations.

The requirement for defined territory does not necessitate perfectly settled borders, but it does require a consistent, identifiable area over which a state exercises sovereign authority. The Oslo Accords constrain the Palestinian Authority's (PA) ability to exercise sovereignty over defined borders by granting it only limited self-governance in certain areas, pending a negotiated settlement—until then, the borders remain disputed.

Additionally, as per the Accords, Israel still exercises control over parts of the West Bank. Meanwhile, the Palestinian territories have been divided since Hamas overthrew the PA and took control in 2007. These factors prevent the PA from functioning as a unified and effective government over a defined territory. Moreover, while the PA engages in some diplomatic activities, its divided governance and limited authority in



| Photo: Unsplash

areas under Israeli control also hinder its capacity to consistently conduct foreign relations as a sovereign entity. International law recognises selfdetermination as a fundamental principle, but it does not guarantee statehood as an outcome. In fact, a wide variety and range of national selfdetermination practices and precedents are implemented and recognised under international law. Its variables include qualified international sovereignty, nonfully independent defence and security arrangements, reduced participation in the United Nations bodies, subordination of international trade to other managerial bodies, dependency on foreign currencies for financial transactions, and geographically non-contiguous territories. The Oslo Accords made leaps towards arrangements that would achieve such Palestinian self-determination while preserving Israeli sovereign security. It is arguable that, by establishing the Palestinian Authority to govern autonomously in prescribed territories over the Palestinian Arabs, the Oslo Accords have already gone a long way to implement Palestinian selfdetermination without state sovereignty. Further development of Palestinian selfdetermination could take different forms. External self-determination could take the form of qualified statehood in

relation to military, trade, currency or

international relations. Internal self-

determination could take the form of a regional independence within the sovereignty of Egypt, Israel or Jordan, or joint sovereignty, that provides for Palestinian autonomous control of regional resources, cultural, linguistic and political life. Palestine might be regarded as a non-sovereign self-governing territory under Israel and/or Jordan or Egypt but not incorporated into either, or another arrangement might be to establish a pact of federation of Palestine with Israel or Jordan or Egypt.

For example, as recently as 1 June 2025, UK and Morocco issued a joint communiqué that proposed local self-government under Moroccan sovereignty, by the Saharawi people, in the Western Sahara. This proposal is supported by Portugal, Spain, the USA and France. The communiqué states that:

"The UK, in encouraging the relevant parties to engage, urgently and positively with the UN- led political process, considers Morocco's autonomy proposal, submitted in 2007 as the most credible, viable and pragmatic basis for a lasting resolution of the dispute."

A comparable internal autonomy regime might be appropriate for an Arab population in disputed Palestine. Various arrangements for self-determination can include federation, consensual provisions for geographic regionalisation with devolved autonomous government under a central sovereign state, as well as

provisions for multiple distinct languages and financial currencies within a state.

Cultural and political regional autonomy within a sovereign state is also well-established in state internal practice. Political systems distinct from the national governmental system operate in Québec, Canada; Hong Kong, China; Puerto Rico, USA; and Dutch Caribbean special municipalities. Countries with multiple official languages include Bolivia, Canada, Belgium, India, Israel, Singapore, South Africa and Switzerland. Two countries even have multiple heads of state under one sovereignty: San Marino (2) Switzerland (7).

Non-sovereign self-ruling territories tend to take two forms: unincorporated self-ruling territories, or incorporated state territories. The former include the British Channel Islands and Isle of Man, the Danish Faroe Islands and Greenland, New Zealand's Tokelau, and American self-ruling unincorporated territories (American Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico). The latter incorporated state territories are island territories that have been incorporated into states, as is the case in Australian, British, Dutch French and Spanish island territories.

It is remarkable that international discourse has ignored the multitude of other possibilities than full statehood for Palestinian self-determination in circumstances where they are so obviously needed. This is a likely result of the half-century long zero-sum diplomatic offensive against the legitimacy of the State of Israel as a Jewish state, organised by the Arab League and Organisation for Islamic Cooperation, in broad coalition with regional neighbours, economically dependent clients and some predominantly hostile allies. This gambit posits Palestinian Arab statehood as a strategy opposed to Jewish statehood.

The legal concept of statehood and the integrity of international law are collateral damage in the Palestinian statehood diplomatic offensive.

Gregory Rose is a Professor of Law at the University of Wollongong, Australia, and Chair of its Academic Senate. A member of the Australian National Centre for Ocean Resources and Security (ANCORS), he specialises in international law, focusing on marine, environmental, and counter-terrorism issues.

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War Diaries /

The Superheroes of Israel

■ Sondra Oster Baras International President | CFOIC Heartland

Sometimes living in Israel feels like a total disconnect from the rest of the world. Every night on the news, we hear about some new city or country that hates Jews or some new incident of antisemitism where local Jews or visiting Israelis have been attacked or abused. We see protests with people carrying signs showing blood dripping by the hands of Israelis. We see accusations of genocide, of the murder of babies, of purposeful starvation of Gazans. We have been astounded by the terrible hatred of Israel suddenly appearing in Australia! And then we look around and see ourselves—not at all like the way we are portrayed abroad.

We have been fighting a bloody war since the 7 October against multiple enemies and on several fronts. We were attacked by murderous terrorists who committed crimes against humanity and attempted the genocide of the Jewish people. And genocide against Jews remains their stated goal. They abducted hundreds of people from their beds, their homes, their gardens. They murdered more than a thousand people in one day, including hundreds at a dance festival. But we are the ones accused of genocide? Does this



Hatikvah 6 soloist reaches out to Karnei Shomron youngsters who sing and dance with him as we all celebrated the superheroes of Israel. | Photo: CFOIC

ordinary walks of life, who drop everything to join the effort: "So the Bible teacher is in the Givati Brigade, the Hebrew teacher in Intelligence, the upstairs neighbour is a contractor but has been in reserves for a month. The lawyer is a logistics officer, doing shifts in the battalion, her brother, a senior high-tech professional is now a sniper on the roofs of Gaza." And then the refrain: "Everyone seems ordinary but we are actually a nation of superheroes,

Israel is, indeed, a nation of superheroes.
A nation nurtured by love, driven to find peace, but determined to survive. We are not acists. We are not murderers. We celebrate life like no other nation on earth.

As the massacre was still happening on 7 October, our young men and women were called up to reserve duty and preceded to serve hundreds of days in the IDF, leaving behind family, study and jobs. Civilians volunteered and continue to volunteer to help wherever help is needed—making meals for the families of reservists as young mothers balance work, young children and household without the help of a husband; picking fruits and vegetables on the farms just outside of Gaza and along Israel's northern border, who have lost so many of their employees; babysitting for children whose parents are in the IDF, and so much more.

Soon after the war began, a popular rock band, *Hatikvah 6*, released a new song. Titled "We are a Nation of Superheroes" it tells the story of a nation, the Nation of Israel, totally committed to one another, to the survival of the nation itself.

The song lists all kinds of people, from

within everyone hides a soldier, ready to save the world."

And the song continues with more and more examples of ordinary people who are actually superheroes.

But what is a superhero? We are not talking about a small sliver of society, the fellow who is a crack undercover agent, or a fighter pilot. We are talking about truly ordinary people: bakers, accountants, shop workers and teachers. What makes them superheroes is their willingness to drop everything and run, and then perform at their maximum ability. Because they are truly saving the world.

Make no mistake. Israel's ability to defeat Hamas will determine what kind of world we live in. If the people carrying the 'genocide' signs are allowed to win, if the Hamas terrorists they support (unwittingly or not) are allowed to prevail, democracy will be destroyed. Hatred, lies and violence will replace

reason, moral judgement and justice. Every Israeli fighting this fight is truly saving the world. I just wish we didn't have to do so much of the work by ourselves.

The war in Gaza has been going on a very long time and no one wants it to end more than the Israelis. After all, we are the ones who are struggling to maintain some kind of normal life even as so many of our young men have spent more than half of the past two years in the military. Our school-children are limping along with all sorts of substitute teachers as so many teachers have been drafted. Every day in Gaza, the IDF is fighting against terrorists, people who we know have murdered Israelis. Every day, our soldiers are gathering information regarding our hostages, even trying, unsuccessfully to rescue

When we bomb a hospital it is because that hospital is a Hamas command center or a place of refuge for terrorists. Hamas has used the hospital as a human shield, but Israel is penetrating that shield. We have no choice. We do not want to hurt children or anyone that is not involved in this war. But Hamas has put those shields in place to destroy us.

And yet, as soon as a young man or woman is released from reserve duty, even for just a few months, they go back to life, to their families, their jobs, their productivity, with even greater energy and gusto than before. That is why our economy is growing—an absolute miracle considering the terrible price this war has extracted from us.

At the end of August, there was a music festival in our local community to celebrate the end of summer.

Thousands came out to dance and sing,

of all ages. Although I must admit, we were among the few grandparents in attendance. But our children and grandchildren were there and we love watching them dance and sing and just enjoy. And I have to admit, I love a good concert.

The main performance was Hatikvah 6 and we waited breathlessly for them to sing the superhero song. And when they did, I sang along and tears came to my eyes. All those people who slander us and hate us all over the world, have no clue what makes us tick. Here we were, an audience of children whose fathers have hardly been home, of young men, home on leave, of policemen who have been doing double shifts since the war began, of women exhausted from doing it all alone. I am just a grandmother helping out when I can. But my children and grandchildren and all of their friends and neighbours—they are all superheroes.

Israel is, indeed, a nation of superheroes. A nation nurtured by love, driven to find peace, but determined to survive. We are not racists. We are not murderers. We celebrate life like no other nation on earth. And we sing and dance about the real superheroes—not the cartoon characters but the real, ordinary people.

This is Israel!

Sondra Oster Baras is the Founder and International President of CFOIC Heartland, representing the Jewish communities in Judea and Samaria to Christians all over the world.

To support the urgent needs of the people of Judea and Samaria, during this terrible war, please use the form on the back page and select CFOIC (Christian Friends of Israeli Communities).

Tishrei-Cheshvan 5786

Holocaust Survivors

Flowers, Tears and Gratitude

Anemone Rüger

Project Coordinator | Holocaust Survivors Ukraine

It's only in recent years that a specific group of Holocaust Survivors in Israel has received due attention: Those whose native language is Russian and who couldn't make *Aliyah* until the collapse of the Soviet Union. Once they arrived in their old-new homeland, they were unable to build up a financial cushion for their retirement and have become increasingly dependent on external help. Gita Koifman, herself a *Shoah* Survivor, has dedicated her life to supporting them. Dana Nowak and Anemone Rüger (Christians for Israel Germany) met the group in Gita's living room.

The two of us have just enough hands to carry all the flower bouquets, little giveaways and greeting cards up the elevator to Gita's apartment. Her guests are already sitting expectantly in a circle: Ruth and Genya, Roman and Rachmil and Yefim; from Czernowitz and Bratslav and Briceni. All their places of origin are familiar to us from our visits to the Jewish communities in Ukraine and Moldova. But these Holocaust survivors chose Israel in the 1990s.

Rachmil can communicate with us quite well in Hebrew. Ruth speaks to us in German. "That's my mother tongue—I was born in Czernowitz, which used to be Austria." But everyone is most familiar with Russian. After a round of introductions and a brief discussion about our work, the survivors begin to tell their stories one by one. How their fathers had to go to the battlefront, how their mothers tried to escape with them and were caught by the Germans, and how the Moldovan shtetl residents were humiliated and tortured by Romanian troops allied with Nazi Germany, before being driven north across the Dniester. Those who were still alive arrived in the overcrowded shtetls of southern Ukraine, where a long ordeal began. Years later the survivors returned to their depopulated hometowns and searched for the houses where their childhoods had begun.

We Can't Afford to Remain Silent!

Yefim must talk about Pechora, the death camp near Vinnitsa from which very few people survived. When he can't speak any more, I sit down next to him. I put a



The fact that his story is not forgotten means the world to Michail, aged 95, shown with Dana Nowak.



At the richly laid table, the survivors talk about the terrible experiences during the Holocaust that they will never forget. | Photo: C41

"You know, these people didn't have a childhood. And I know what it was like for them. I'll do anything for them for as long as God gives me strength."

hand on his shoulder until he regains his composure. As hard as it is to remember the horror, the stories must be told. "That's why we exist in our survivors' association," says Genya as we remind them that we don't want to pressure anyone to share their stories. "It's so important to us that people find out what happened back then! Antisemitism is on the rise again everywhere. We cannot afford to remain silent!"

"As long as we live, we will speak out and bear witness to what we experienced and saw," says Gita. "We will speak, shout and scream if necessary."

I remember the heart-shaped waffles that my mother had baked in Germany for the survivors and that I had individually wrapped in gift bags the night before. With a careless movement, they had all broken at the door. But that was probably meant to be, I suddenly realised. "Our hearts are broken, along with yours," we tell the survivors. "What a privilege for us that you share these difficult memories with us! We want to be by your side for as long as we can."

"We've met so many times," says Genya, turning to Gita. "But there's never been anything like this! We've never felt such warmth and love from Germans before!" "Yes, it really is like that," says Ruth in German, almost disappearing behind her bouquet of flowers as she struggles to hold back her tears.

All eyes are on us. Over tea and biscuits, the survivors soak up all the good news that we have brought with us from the many Christians who are actively supporting Israel. Rachmil, aged 96, keeps asking questions. He has a lot to process. "I've never met people like you in my entire life!"

"It's so important for us to preserve the memory of the Holocaust," Gita concludes. "Normally we do this through the newspapers, through the internet. But the most important place where these stories need to be preserved—that's you! You are the link to the next generation. There are many good people who express their compassion. But not many have the courage to translate it into action and show it publicly. You have

that. I believe that your tears and your words will outlive us." There are hugs, and then more hugs. There is so much to catch up on.

When I tell Gita that Christians for Israel has increased the budget to better support the needs of the increasingly frail survivors, Gita cries with joy. "You know, these people didn't have a childhood. And I know what it was like for them. I'll do anything for them for as long as God gives me strength. I almost can't believe that we are together in this circle today. When I was two, I was in the way. I should have been killed too. And today I have so many friends in Germany. I can hardly believe it!"



Gita Koifman (center) smiles as she learns from Anemone Rüger (right) that C4l wants to increase its support for Holocaust survivors.

Kindly join us in supporting the many Holocaust survivors and Jewish elderly in Ukraine.

Will you help? Any amount helps.

October 2025 | Israel & Christians Today



The Power of Academia

Dr Sheree Trotter

As I prepare for this year's Indigenous Embassy Jerusalem (IEJ) Academic Symposium, I'm reminded again why this work is so important. Earlier this week the International Association for Genocide Scholars, touted by media as 'The world's leading genocide scholars' association', passed a resolution stating that the legal criteria had been met to establish that Israel is committing genocide in Gaza. This statement duly headlined in major news outlets locally and internationally.

However, upon closer examination, the IAGS statement quickly crumbled. It was discovered that the IAGS pushed through the resolution without the standard procedure of holding a debate. The group's leadership refused to have a transparent, critical discussion. Dissenters were deliberately silenced. The resolution cites organisations that have reinterpreted the definition of

genocide to force it to apply to Israel.

The group's spokesperson, Melanie O'Brien, claimed that the resolution passed with nearly 90% support. However, investigation revealed that in fact the resolution was passed by just over 20% of the organisation's approximately 500 members. Further it was discovered that the IAGS is open to anyone who pays a membership fee. Bogus memberships were found, such as 'Adolf Hitler,' listed as a Gaza City-based 'genocide scholar'. It turns out that the



A compilation of most of the speakers at Indigenous Embassy Jerusalem Academic Symposium 2024. | Photo: Perry Trotter

This is not the first time that academics have issued statements accusing Israel of one crime or another.

IAGS is not an exclusive body of scholars but a group susceptible to manipulation by activists. The whole exercise turned out to be an act of academic fraud.

This is not the first time that academics have issued statements accusing Israel of one crime or another. Indeed various declarations, public letters and statements have been issued by academic institutions in New Zealand and beyond accusing Israel of various

crimes, which later prove to be libels.

Greg Bouwer notes that, "This is not just a problem of political imbalance. It is a collapse of academic integrity.

Universities are no longer demanding intellectual rigour from their staff or students when it comes to the Middle East—especially when Israel is the subject. Allegations of apartheid are made without legal grounding.

Historical claims are flattened into

slogans. International law is cited only when it serves the predetermined conclusion. Critical scrutiny disappears, and with it, the university's role as a place of learning".

We are witnessing a phenomenon whereby academic bodies and individuals can throw libelous claims at Israel whilst hiding behind a facade of legitimacy. They bend practices and definitions to promote the libel. Academic papers are produced in volume, drawing on one-sided biased

reports. These are quoted repeatedly, further adding to the veneer of legitimacy. By the time truth surfaces, the libel has taken hold and captured the public imagination. The academy has fallen prey to the age-old propaganda technique and structural antisemitism posing as antizionism.

So, it is as important as ever to push back with solid scholarship and to keep raising the banner of truth, for those willing to hear it. With that in mind, I am thrilled to be gathering another world class cohort of international academics to address the theme of 'Zionism and Indigeneity versus Settler Colonialism and Historical Revisionism' at this year's symposium. If you're in Israel, please join us on 4 November 2025 at the Bible Lands Museum in Jerusalem.

Dr Sheree Trotter has been accepted as a Fellow with the London Centre for the Study of Contemporary Antisemitism.

Why Israel's Struggle Is Different

■ Barry Rodgers OAM President of Beersheba Vision Inc. What is a 'Forever War?'

The term 'forever war' first came into use during the Obama years. Conflicts such as Afghanistan and Iraq were seen as wars without resolution, where no clear end could be prescribed. While the phrase 'forever war' is not confined to the Middle East, it is where the phrase originated and for good reason. So this article focuses on the wars fought in the Islamic enclaves of that region.

The problem lies in the fact that Western nations often measure success by their own benchmarks: equal opportunity for women, democratically elected leaders, and broader social freedoms. These are noble goals, and in some quarters genuine progress has been made. I do not want to dismiss this entirely, and I would like to believe that seeds have been planted which may one day bear fruit.

Yet 'forever wars' are not wars between nations but between competing ideologies. The depth and strength of fundamentalist Islamic ideology were never fully understood by Western leaders. As a result, the prospect of achieving those Western goals in such regions looks bleak, despite the enormous resources invested.

Consider Afghanistan. The United States spent an astonishing 2.313 trillion US dollars there since 2001—around 60% of what America spent on its total involvement in World War II, a war regarded as the most deadly and widespread in human history, and for what result? A Pew Research Centre survey found that 62% of American adults and 64% of veterans now believe the war was not worth the cost.

Why Israel's War Cannot Be Seen the Same Way

With these examples in mind, many today argue that Israel's current

conflict is just another 'forever war.' Their reasoning is simple: let us not pour more resources into yet another unwinnable struggle; instead, let's focus on healthcare, infrastructure, and problems at home. On the surface, this seems a sensible, pragmatic approach.

But Israel's struggle is different, very different. This small sliver of land, barely a third the size of Tasmania, carries a weight far beyond its geography. Many people sadly believe the world would be more comfortable if Israel simply disappeared, like removing a pebble from a shoe. But history, faith, and morality declare otherwise, a truer analogy would be more akin to removing the bung plug from a boat.

"If the Bell Tolls for Israel..."

After the Yom Kippur War in 1973, Australian Prime Minister Bob Hawke captured this truth when he declared: "If the bell tolls for Israel, it tolls not just for Israel but for all mankind."

The wars of the Middle East are not only ideological; they are profoundly spiritual. There is a deeper struggle at work—what I would call the real 'forever war.' It began aeons ago with the great cosmic rebellion, spilling onto Earth and taking on human form through history's conflicts.

Nowhere is this more evident than in the persistent war against Israel and the Jewish people.

On 7 October, the mask of the great enemy slipped. What was revealed was a face of unadulterated malevolence, expressed in barbarous butchery that shocked even a war-hardened world. If we cannot recognise the demonic forces driving such acts, and if we fail to stand resolutely with Israel in opposing them, then the bell will indeed begin to toll, not just for Israel, but for all mankind.

The God of Israel is their Strength

Rev Willem Glashouwer

President | Christians for Israel International

"But you, O Israel, My servant, Jacob, whom I have chosen, you descendants of Abraham My friend, I took you from the ends of the earth, from its farthest corners I called you. I said, 'You are My servant'; I have chosen you and have not rejected you. So do not fear, for I am with you; do not be dismayed, for I am your God. I will strengthen you and help you; I will uphold you with My righteous right hand. All who rage against you will surely be ashamed and disgraced; those who oppose you will be as nothing and perish..." (Isaiah 41:8-11)

If you follow the news about Israel and the Jewish people, fear can strike your heart. Almost exclusively negative, everyone is pointing the finger of blame at Israel.

Hatred against Israel is hatred against the God of Israel, says *Psalm 83:1-5* "...O God, do not keep silent; be not quiet, O God, be not still. See how Your enemies are astir, how Your foes rear their heads. With cunning they conspire against Your people; they plot against those You cherish. 'Come,' they say, 'let us destroy them as a nation, that the name of Israel be remembered no more.' With one mind they plot together; they form an alliance against You..."

Trampled on for centuries, the Jewish people have been beaten, plundered, ridiculed, driven to the margins of society or crammed into ghettos, boycotted, and falsely accused, hunted down, driven away, and systematically murdered. For no other reason than being Jewish.



| Photo: Shutterstock

Jerusalem, the third holy city of Islam after Mecca and Medina as its capital, between the River Jordan and the Mediterranean Sea. "From the River to the Sea, Palestine will be free" is their politico-religious slogan.

The United Nations adopts an endless series of anti-Israel resolutions, almost unanimously declaring statehood of 'Palestine' upon the land that the Lord God promised to the people of Israel. All these plans

So Where Are the Jewish People to Find Help? Who Can Give Them Strength?

Ultimately their only true friend is their Heavenly Father, the Lord God of Israel. As *Psalm 68* says, it is the God of Israel who gives strength; from Him comes the strength of the people [Israel]. He is bringing His people Israel back to His land of Israel (*Leviticus 25:23*), "with all My heart and soul" (*Jeremiah 32:41*). "The Lord gives strength to His people; the Lord blesses His people with peace..." (*Psalm 29:11*).

The God of Israel is their strength. Israel can trust in Him. May they pray, as David did:

"Praise be to You, O Lord, God of our father Israel, from everlasting to everlasting. Yours, O Lord, is the greatness and the power and the glory and the majesty and the splendor, for everything in heaven and earth is Yours. Yours, O Lord, is the kingdom; You are exalted as head over all. Wealth and honor come from You; You are the ruler of all things. In Your hands are strength and power to exalt and give strength to all. Now, our God, we give You thanks and praise Your glorious Name. Glory and wealth are from You; You are the ruler of all things. In Your hands are power and might; You determine the destiny of the nations..." (I Chronicles 29:10-13).

Ultimately their only true friend is their Heavenly Father, the Lord God of Israel. As *Psalm 68* says, it is the God of Israel who gives strength; from Him comes the strength of the people [Israel].

Today Jews are boycotted in the fields of sports, from academic institutions like schools and universities, from participation in the Eurovision Song Festival and sports events like the Vuelta in Spain. 'Pro-Palestine' demonstrators all around the world intimidate the general public, Church-going-people, governments, and Parliamentarians. They are inspired by a demonic, unbridled Jew-hatred and they want to wipe Israel from the map of the Middle East. Their goal is to establish an Islamic State of Palestine in its place, with

for division of the Promised Land will invoke His fierce anger upon the nations of the world, says *Joel 3:1-2:*

"...In those days and at that time, when I restore the fortunes of Judah and Jerusalem [which is happening right before our very eyes already for over 100 years] I will gather all nations and bring them down to the Valley of Jehoshaphat. There I will put them on trial for what they did to My inheritance, My people Israel, because they scattered My people among the nations and divided up My land..."

Temptation

In this series, we explore how the Lord's Prayer is embedded in contemporary Jewish faith.

And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from the evil one.

Similar to the previous section of the Lord's Prayer, this one also has two parts. Each part is formulated as a contrast ('but'). You can understand it to mean that the second part explains the first.

What is meant by temptation? Temptation has a negative ring. A more neutral translation would be testing (see the footnote in the NIV), or you might also use the word 'trying'. God tried Abraham (*Genesis 22*). God tested him. According to Jewish

tradition, Abraham was subjected to ten trials, all of which he passed. Was it to see where Abraham stood; whether he held fast to his faithfulness to God? Or was it to make him stronger in it, thereby elevating him?

Jesus was tempted in the desert; by the devil, but it was the Spirit who led Him away into the desert to be tempted. This is curious. The same verb is used here. Clearly, the devil is out to overthrow Jesus, but Jesus is victorious.

God does not tempt anyone, writes James. Every person is tempted when he allows himself to be carried away by his own lusts. And when you give in to that, it leads to sin and the end result is death (*James 1:13*). Jewish tradition calls this the 'evil inclination' that exists alongside the good

inclination in every human being. The evil drive has both creative and destructive power and is also sometimes linked to Satan. The evil drive has to be turned around and harnessed for good. This is the personal struggle of every human being.

A few verses earlier (*verse 2-3*), James also talks about temptation. But you can be happy about that! This kind of temptation is indeed a trial (*verse 3*) to test you and strengthen your faithfulness. There, the evil inclination is curbed by the good inclination.

Perhaps the prayer in the Lord's Prayer also sees that inner struggle: do not surrender us to our evil inclination, but help us curb it. Jesus not only set the example in the desert, but also won the victory for us.

The Lord's Prayer



Recommended Viewing

Thistledown Seed

by Louise Helfgott. Review written by Melbourne Holocaust Museum volunteer, Caren Silver.

It is only by knowing where we have come from that we can ever really know who we are.

Louise Helfgott's compelling biography/memoir threads together three narratives, moving back and forth seamlessly between them: between her journey to Poland, her childhood memories, and the fate of her Polish aunts. Her writing is often poetic, sharing her intense responses to what she discovers about her family's Holocaust experiences and how she "feels irrevocably changed— stamped with the stain of a historic blood-bath that can never be washed away."

While in Poland, Helfgott experiences a sense of "being at home" and wonders, "Can the memories of distant relatives be trapped in the cells of one's body, creating shared remembrance of places that one has not been before?"

This may be a response that resonates with her readers, many of whom will be the family of Holocaust survivors within our community. Her visits to the places of her parents' pasts and her acquisition of historic documents regarding them and their extended families enable her to understand more about her parents' early lives and the fate of their families during the Holocaust.

Helfgott also writes intimately about her past, her lonely childhood, about her constant sense of alienation at home, at school, and in social situations, her only refuge being her writing. She endures a tense relationship with her father, whose life she describes as a "battlefield...always at odds with the forces that tried to shape and mould him." Adding to their conflicts are those between her father and her brother, David, the celebrated concert pianist.

The third narrative, italicised to acknowledge that it is fictionalised, imagines the deportation to Treblinka of Helfgott's two aunts, children at the time, deported and facing their impending deaths in the gas chamber.

The survivor guilt carried by her parents, both of whom escaped from Europe before the outbreak of the war, is a palpable shadow that haunts them and their home. Through the melding of the three narratives, Helfgott powerfully portrays the intergenerational impact of the Holocaust with sensitivity.

To enquire further about the Thistledown Seed, please reach out to lbrary@mhm.org.au.

The Olive Tree

Johannes Gerloff

Theologian, Journalist, Lecturer & Author

This is part of a series of articles based on the book *Rejoice, You Nations, with His People,* by Johannes Gerloff.

To this day, Jesus' calling to redeem Israel, gather all the Jews back to their land and root them in the *Torah* has not been completely fulfilled. Because of that, however, he has become the 'light to the Gentiles'. Paul summarises this salvation-historical correlation in *Romans II* in several statements:

- Through their fall, salvation has come to the Gentiles (*verse 11*)
- Their fall is riches for the world (*verse 12a*)
- Their diminishing is the riches of the Gentiles (*verse 12b*)
- Their casting away is the reconciling of the world (*verse 15*)
- The natural branches were broken off, so the wild branches could be grafted in (*verses 17-24*)
- As concerning the Gospel, they are enemies for your sakes (*verse 28*)
- You have obtained mercy through their unbelief (*verse 30*).

We non-Jews have recognised God's *Messiah*, whom His own people failed to see for our sake. This gives the Gentile Church a responsibility: to provoke Israel to jealousy. Paul concludes in *Romans 10* that Israel will come to faith not through hearing or understanding the Word, but by being provoked to jealousy: "I will provoke you to jealousy by those who are not a people; by a foolish nation I will anger you" (verse 19).

In the following chapter he gets right to the point of this calling on the Gentile Church: Salvation has come to the Gentiles for the very purpose of provoking Israel to jealousy (Romans II:II). Two verses later the Apostle emphasises: "For I tell you Gentiles: I praise my calling as Apostle to the Gentiles, because I might provoke some of my bloodrelatives to jealousy through my mission to the Gentiles, and thus save them" (II:I3-14).

We accept that salvation came to us from the Jews through Jesus Christ and feel, spiritually, a step ahead of them. "Gentiles have achieved righteousness, while Israel, pursuing the law, did not succeed" (Romans 9:30-31). We assume Israel should now depend on us spiritually, feeling a sense of pride that they receive mercy through the mercy shown to us (Romans 11:31).

The Apostle purposely targets this basic Gentile Christian misconception with regard to Israel. He uses the ancient biblical image of the olive tree (*Romans* II:17 24).

In the ancient Orient, olives were a



Olive trees in Gethsemane garden, Mount of Olives, Jerusalem. | Photo: Shutterstock

crucial part of the daily diet. The olive tree was especially known for its 'fatness'. In the Holy Scripture, the olive tree, especially in view of the oil that is made from its fruit, stands for wealth, luxury, and blessing.

Olive oil did not just serve as food, but also as fuel for lamps, as ointment oil, cosmetics and medicine. For these reasons, the olive tree was counted among the most noble of trees (compare *Judges 9:8*). Because of its high value and its symbolic meaning, olive oil is often mentioned in the context of sacrifices.

The very hard and often gnarled wood of the oil tree is nearly useless as a building material. It was probably its symbolic value that led King Solomon to have the cherubim and some of the doors in the temple made of olive wood (*I Kings* 6:23,31-33).

Expositors of the Scriptures often interpret the oil as a 'symbol of the Spirit of God and His gifts'. This is based on the use of anointing oil for the inauguration of priests and kings in Israel, as well as the interpretation of the olive trees in *Zechariah 4* and *Revelation II*. In both of those Scripture portions, angelic messengers with extraordinary divine power are referred to as olive trees (*Zechariah 4:I-5,II-14; Revelation II:3-4*).

In our context, however, the olive tree is used as an image for Israel—either its people or its *Messiah* (Anointed One). They are certainly not mutually exclusive. The noble 'Olive Tree Israel' represents the unity of God's chosen people and its king—just as, in a similar fashion, the image of the 'Servant of the Lord' or the 'Son of God' in Biblical revelation may represent the people of Israel as well as its *Messiah*. Concerning the people of Israel, God says through His servant David: "Do not touch my Messiahs!" (Anointed ones: 1 Chronicles

16:22; Psalms 105:15). The author of the Letter to Hebrews even goes as far as to identify the suffering of the Hebrew slaves in Egypt as "the insult of Messiah" (Hebrews 11:26).

Hosea (14:5-6) describes the relationship with his chosen people that God strives for: "I will be like the dew to Israel..., his beauty shall be like the olive". The prophet Jeremiah says: "The Lord called you a green olive tree, beautiful with good fruit" (Jeremiah 11:16).

Paul picks up on Jeremiah's analogy. Israel is the olive tree. The Apostle thereby indirectly refers to Israel's riches: the 'status as son,' the glory, the covenants, the 'giving of Torah,' the service of worship, the promises, the fathers and the *Messiah*.

And yet Jeremiah had to ask: "What is my beloved doing in my temple as she, with many others, works out her evil schemes?" and then went on to explain that the Lord: "will set it on fire, and its branches will be broken." (Jeremiah II:15-16). Paul also states that "some of the branches were broken off" (Romans II:17), that they were expelled from communion with their God, from their land and from their original destiny.

Paul focuses not on Israel's behavior, but on the relationship between Gentile believers and the Jewish people, addressing the arrogance non-Jews have shown toward Israel over the centuries. If some of the branches were broken off, and you, who are a wild olive branch, were grafted in among them, and became in this way a partaker with them of the root and the fatness of the olive tree, do not boast against the branches. But if you boast, [remember:] You do not bear the root, but the root bears you. Now you will say, the branches were broken off, in order for me to be grafted in. (Romans 11:17-19)

Biblical Reflection /

Sukkot—Feast of Tabernacles



Jewish men dance with Torah scrolls during Simhat Torah celebrations at Rabin Square, Tel Aviv, 24 October 2024. | Photo: Flash90

■ Kees de Vreugd

Theologian | Christians for Israel International & Editor | Israel & the Church

From 7 to 13 October, Israel celebrates *Sukkot*, the Feast of Tabernacles. Like every Jewish festival, the Feast of Tabernacles begins on the evening (of the 6th). This is the Biblical order of creation: "And there was evening and there was morning, one day". The day begins with the evening.

depend on God's blessing in everything. A beautiful lesson for Christians, too!

Lulay

An important object at the Feast of Tabernacles is the *lulav*. This is a bundle of branches from a palm, a myrtle and a brook willow. In addition, it includes the *etrog*, a lemon-like fruit. These are the so-called 'four species' of the feast mentioned in *Leviticus* 23:40. The bundle of branches and the *etrog* are taken in

The children decorate the hut with the symbols of the feast: the fruits of the season and the 'four kinds' and with all kinds of beautiful drawings.

For eight days, the Jewish people lived in huts (sukkot), as a reminder of the exodus from Egypt and the journey through the desert. The roof of the hut (sukkah) is made of branches and it must not be completely closed. You must be able to see the sky through the branches. Immediately after the Day of Atonement (2 October) is over, the father will start work on the sukkah. And the children help, of course. The walls of the hut can be of any natural material, usually planks, but you can also use blankets, for example. The children decorate the hut with the symbols of the feast: the fruits of the season and the 'four species' and with all kinds of beautiful drawings.

Living eight days in the *sukkah* means to learn that we do not have a permanent city here. Living means eating, at least one meal a day, and preferably sleeping in the *sukkah* too. And then you return to your home. Yet through this experience, your home starts to feel like a *sukkah* as well. Israel confesses: we

the hand during prayers and moved back and forth in the four directions according to Biblical prescription. According to Jewish tradition, the four species symbolise four types of religion: the myrtle branch has smell but no taste. This is *Torah* knowledge not accompanied by corresponding good deeds—a faith without works. The palm branch has flavour, but no fragrance. These are good deeds, but without knowledge of God's word. The brook willow has neither smell nor taste. It lacks both knowledge and right living. The etrog has smell and taste. This is how every Jew should be: with the smell of the knowledge of God's commandment and the taste of living according to God's will.

Waving palm branches should be familiar to us. John the evangelist tells us that at Jesus' entry into Jerusalem, people picked palm branches and sang to Jesus: "Hosanna, blessed is He who comes in the name of the Lord". And these are exactly the words (from Psalm 118)

sung in the synagogue when moving the *lulav!* John connects Easter and *Sukkot* to designate Jesus as the *Messiah*.

Israel and the Nations

Especially at the Feast of Tabernacles, the significance of Israel to the nations of the world becomes clear. At the time of the Temple, a total of seventy bulls were sacrificed during *Sukkot*. According to Jewish tradition, this was done for the seventy nations of the earth, which there are according to Genesis.

In the synagogue service, the last chapter of the prophet Zechariah is read, *Zechariah 14.* There the prophet foretells (*verse 16*) that one day all nations will annually march to Jerusalem to celebrate the Feast of Tabernacles. Jerusalem will become the international centre of worship. For the nations will come there to "pray to the King, the Lord of hosts". Earlier in the chapter, he mentioned that the Lord will be king over all the earth. "Then the Lord will be one and His Name will be one" (*verse 9*). All nations will recognise and call upon Him in unison.

Jesus also celebrated the Feast of Tabernacles (*John 7*). From the Feast of Tabernacles to *Passover*, the Jews pray for rain. The beginning of this prayer cycle was marked by a particular ceremony in the temple during the feast: water was drawn from the pond Siloam, brought to the temple in a lavish festive procession and poured there. At that moment, Jesus tells of the living water, the Holy Spirit.

Sukkot is a picture of the future: all nations together with Israel will bow down before the Lord. The Church that receives the Spirit of God serves as a vanguard of this. In Christ, we join Israel in praise to the one God (Romans 15:7-13).

Biblical Roots By David Nekrutman

A Taste of History: Apples, Honey, and the Truth in *The Chosen*

The TV series *The Chosen* has captivated millions with its innovative and human portrayal of the Gospels. In Season 3, Episode 3, we see a beautiful, albeit historically inaccurate, moment: Jesus is given an apple to dip in honey for *Rosh Hashana*. While the scene is a touching nod to a widely recognised Jewish custom, it offers a wonderful opportunity to explore the real story behind this beloved tradition.

The scene is anachronistic because the practice of dipping an apple in honey on *Rosh Hashana* didn't exist during Jesus' lifetime. While the holiday itself is an ancient biblical observance (*Leviticus* 23:23-25), the specific custom of eating sweet foods to symbolise a sweet new year evolved centuries later.

The earliest Rosh Hashana food traditions, or *simanim*, began with Babylonian Jews in the 4th–5th century CE. Interestingly, these symbolic foods weren't sweet—they were chosen because their Hebrew names sounded like prayers to 'destroy our enemies' and 'thwart evil decrees.' Squash, fenugreek, leeks, and dates became edible prayers for protection and peace.

The custom of eating apples and honey began in Germany over a thousand years ago. Though its origins are debated, its global adoption by Jewish communities is seen as a move of the Holy Spirit. Today, apples and honey—together with the *shofar*—are the most recognisable symbols of *Rosh Hashana*.

Interestingly, the Hebrew word for apple, ta'pu'ach, has a deeper meaning. Rabbinic interpretations connect the apple's fragrance to the biblical accounts of Shadrach, Meshach, and Abednego in the fiery furnace (Daniel 3:27) and the blessings of Isaac to Jacob (Genesis 27:27). According to these interpretations, when the three men emerged unharmed from the furnace, they smelled not of smoke, but of apples. The 'fragrance of the field' that Isaac smelled when blessing Jacob is also interpreted as the scent of an apple orchard. The story of Daniel's friends demonstrates a commitment to faith under the threat of death, while the story of Isaac and Jacob represents the desire to receive the blessings of the covenant, including sovereignty over the land of Israel.

I believe the widespread custom of eating a honey-dipped apple on *Rosh Hashana* allowed Jews—despite persecution in the Middle Ages—to affirm their faith and hope of returning to their homeland. This tradition reminds us that Judaism is living and evolving, bridging past and present with a message of renewed commitment to God's kingdom—made even sweeter when observed in Israel.



Dealmaker? Peacemaker?: Trump and the Middle East

Kameel Majdali Director | Teach All Nations Inc

His name is a household word, and it is rare for people, both Americans and non-Americans, to be neutral. They either dislike him intensely or love him wholeheartedly. Yet, regardless of your opinion, Donald Trump is the most colourful man to occupy the Oval Office in modern times.

First elected as US President in 2016 on the coattails of Brexit, his first term in office (2017-2021) was eventful and turbulent. He worked hard and fought hard, and, unlike many career establishment elite politicians, the New York 'blue collar' billionaire, Donald Trump, related to everyday Americans, the working class, minorities, and Generation Z young people. That's how he won two presidential elections, despite being a political outsider.

Having left the White House after the disputed 2020 presidential election (one that he never conceded). Trump was considered politically dead. The obstacles to a political comeback were enormous: a second impeachment over the 6 January riot at the Capitol Building, the numerous indictments, the criminal conviction in a New York trial, an FBI raid at his home at Mar-a-Lago, and two known assassination attempts, plus an Iranian fatwa calling for his murder.

Trump, age 79, could be forgiven for walking away from it all and spending his last years in peace and luxury. But he would say that it is for the love of his country and the unfinished business in his first term that caused him to run for office again, fight a good fight, and win.

The four-year interregnum in the political wilderness from 2021-2025 was spent planning for a second-term win in 2024, as well as fighting the battles of lawfare, a hostile media, and an uncertain electorate. As the leader of the Republican Party, Trump built alliances with key Democrats, such as Robert Kennedy, Tulsi Gabbard, the unions, and minorities including Hispanics and blacks. He harnessed the power of alternative media such as podcasts and ran an effective campaign. On Election Day, 5 November 2024, Trump won all seven battleground states, the popular vote nationwide, and the all-important electoral college. Without exaggeration, it was nothing short of a political resurrection.

After his historic return to the White House, he has been engaged in a beehive of activity. His first hundred days in office were stronger than Elijah's whirlwind to heaven.

Trump and the Middle East: the Dealmaker

Donald Trump has extensive involvement in the Middle East. His three-country visit to Qatar, Saudi Arabia, and the UAE in May 2025 was the culmination of much diplomacy and bridge-building. Arabs welcomed him like a rock star. As the best-selling author of *The Art of the* Deal, Trump was in full negotiation mode with friend and foe alike. By the end of this short trip, the President received for the United States three trillion dollars' worth of trade pledges from these three host Arab countries.

Trump also returned home bearing gifts, especially a luxury 747 jumbo jet from Qatar, which will serve as Air Force One, the official US presidential plane. There is the prospect of a luxury (Trump) golf course near Doha, and Trump Towers in Dubai and Damascus.

Classic Arabs, particularly rich ones, are known for their lavish hospitality and ultra-expensive gifts. This raises some questions: was Trump being played and compromised? Was he being seduced by all the fanfare and the munificence of his hosts? Has his once rock-solid support of Israel waned? The jury is out, and time will tell, especially during times of trouble. But there is no question that his deal-making was highly successful.

Peacemaker? Here's the Scorecard

The Houthi Rebels: The Houthis of Yemen are a Shiite proxy organisation supported by Iran and a designated terrorist group. They have been attacking ships in the Red Sea and sending missiles into Israel, as a formal military response in their solidarity with Hamas and its war with Israel.

Trump, after the US mercilessly bombed Yemen, allegedly got a separate agreement with the Houthis. Trump claimed that the Houthis capitulated and promised to stop the attack on US shipping. The President added "We will take their word." Why didn't he link his agreement with a Houthi commitment to stop attacking Israel? They even sent a missile into the Jewish state over Trump's head while he was in Saudi Arabia. And the Houthis' anti-Israel, anti-American propaganda continues unabated.

Syria: After fourteen years, the Syrian civil and regional war appears to be finished, at least for now. Hayat Tahrir al Sham (HTS) took over Aleppo and Damascus (though not the entire country). President Bashar al-Assad fled to Russia in December 2024; the fifty-year secular Ba'athist al-Assad regime collapsed.



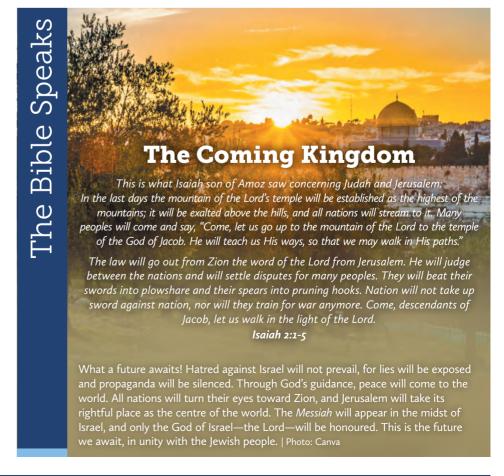
Burj al Arab 7-Star Hotel in Dubai. | Photo: Adobe Stock

HTS had ties with known terrorist groups, including al-Nusra and ISIS. The current interim president is Ahmed al-Sharaa. Less than a year ago, the American government had a \$10 million reward for his capture. Al-Sharaa has trimmed his beard, wears western suits, and claims to have forsaken all terrorist

MBS (Mohammed bin Salman), the crown prince and de facto ruler of Saudi Arabia, brought al-Sharaa to meet Trump. MBS's motive was to take Syria out of regional rival Iran's sphere of

influence. How did President Trump respond? He lifted the long-term sanctions on Syria so they would have a chance to get ahead economically. Goodwill and confidence-building are great when wisely used, but did al-Sharaa see the light and reject terrorism? Is he now a non-violent moderate? Or is he still, in his heart of hearts, a caliphate-building, infidel killing, ideologically and theologically driven jihadist? And will we finally get peace in the Middle East?

To be continued



History /

Short News

Staged



The German newspaper, Süddeutsche Zeitung, has concluded that some of the images from Gaza are staged by Hamas. Photos from photographer Anas Zayed Fteiha show begging women and children at a distribution point for aid supplies. But photos from others at the same location show mainly men quietly waiting for food. A photo expert says about this that: "Hamas controls one hundred per cent of the production of images in the South of Gaza." | Photo: Flash90

Popular Boy's Name

The name Yahya enormously increased in popularity last year in the United Kingdom. This name, also borne by the killed Hamas leader Yahya Sinwar, rose 33 places compared to last year and ended in 2024 in the 93rd place. It was therefore the name that rose the most in popularity, as many as 583 newly born boys were given this name. Sinwar was killed October last year by the Israeli army. He is considered to be the mastermind of the large-scale Hamas attack on 7 October.

El Al Office Vandalised

The El Al office in Paris, the Israeli airline, was damaged. The doors and walls of the building were smeared with red paint. In addition, the text 'El Al genocide-airline' was written on the building. After this incident El Al decided to immediately evacuate all its staff from the French capital. The Israeli Minister of Transport reacted to this incident with the words: "If the French president Macron makes announcements and gives presents to Hamas, this is the result."

Cutting Edge Innovation

Scientists in Israel have developed an artificial skin that accelerates the healing process of burn injuries. Because of the fast-rising number of soldiers and civilians with severe burn injuries due to the present war, the researchers wanted to develop a treatment that shows faster results than the present ones. According to the researchers the new method yields better scar formation, a reduced risk of infections, and a faster recovery.

Gaza's History at a Glance

■ Renske Lankman

Christians for Israel Netherlands

Since 7 October 2024, Gaza, a small coastal area on the Mediterranean Sea, has been in the global news every day. Today it is most often associated with Hamas and the current war. However, the Gaza area has a long and turbulent history, shaped by numerous civilisations and rulers. Understanding Gaza's past is essential to understand its present.

Gaza is frequently mentioned in the Bible. In the Old Testament in particular, we regularly read about Gaza and the people who lived there: the Philistines. They likely settled in Gaza in the twelfth century BC, after the Egyptians lost control of the area. The Philistines established city-states, such as the well-known cities of Ashdod, Ashkelon and Gath, and regularly attacked their neighbours, the Israelites.

Gaza is also known for the story of Samson, who carried the gates of the city of Gaza on his back, and for Goliath, the Philistine giant. In addition, the prophets in the Old Testament regularly issued warnings and (judgement) prophecies concerning Gaza. Interestingly, in *Joshua 15* this area is promised to the tribe of Judah.

The Greek and Roman Periods

In the centuries before Christ, the area changed hands regularly. In the fourth century BC, for example, the Greeks conquered Gaza. Gaza then developed into an important centre of Greek philosophy and culture. But even the Greeks eventually had to make way for a new ruler.

After a brief period under Jewish Hasmonean rule, the Romans took control in the 1st century BC, incorporating Gaza into the province of Judea. Under Roman rule, Gaza remained an important hub, thanks to its location on the trade route between Egypt and the Levant. The area grew into an intellectual and commercial hub in the Roman Empire.

Islamic Rule

The Roman Empire eventually gave way to the Christian Byzantine Empire. Under the Byzantine Empire, many inhabitants of Gaza converted to Christianity. A major turning point came in the 7th century CE when Muslim forces conquered the area from the Byzantines. This conquest would have a lasting impact on the rest of Gaza's history, right up to the present day. Many converted to Islam, Arabic became the official language and many churches were converted into mosques.

From then on, Gaza was ruled by Islamic rulers for centuries, with a brief interruption in the twelfth century during the Crusades. The most notable Islamic rulers were the Ottomans, who controlled the area from the sixteenth to the twentieth century.



Gaza City in 1857. | Photo: Public Domain



The surrender of Gaza to the British in 1918. | Photo Public Domain

The time of the British and Egyptians

In 1917, a new player appeared on the scene: the British, who captured Gaza during the First World War. They found an area that had long since passed its peak as an important trading centre. Gaza became part of the British Mandate of Palestine. The population consisted mainly of Arab Muslims. Under the United Nations partition plan of 1947, Gaza was assigned to the future Arab state. During the Israeli War of Independence in 1948, many Arabs fled to Gaza. After the war, this area came under Egyptian control. The Arab refugees were registered as such and did not receive Egyptian citizenship.

Israel and Gaza

In 1967, during the Six-Day War, Israel captured Gaza from Egypt. In the years that follow, Israel established several Jewish settlements in the area. Following the Oslo Accords in 1994, Israel partially withdrew from Gaza in 1994. The Palestinian Authority then gained limited administrative control over Gaza. During the same period, Israel also began constructing a border fence around Gaza, which was later reinforced during the Second Intifada, a period of violent Palestinian uprisings against Israel. In 2005, Israel decided to fully withdraw from Gaza. All 21 Jewish settlements were evacuated and 8,000 Jews were relocated.



A street in Gaza in 1967. | Photo: Boris Carmi, The National Library of Israel

The Time of Hamas

In 2006, Hamas won the Palestinian elections in Gaza, triggering a violent conflict with the ruling Fatah party. Hamas emerged victorious, expelling Fatah and establishing control over Gaza. Since then, the terrorist organisation has ruled the small coastal enclave with an iron fist. For security reasons, Israel imposed a blockade by land, sea and air. In the years that followed, there were regular confrontations with Israel: in 2008-2009, 2014 and 2021. On 7 October 2023, Hamas and other terrorist groups launched a large-scale and deadly attack on Israel from Gaza. As a result, Hamas plunged Gaza into a devastating war.

Modern Israel

The Israeli Settlers

■ Krista Gerloff

Author and Theologian

In media coverage, whether worldwide or in Israel, Israeli settlers are often portrayed negatively, especially during times of conflict or violence, with a focus on extremist actions by a small minority. However, among the nearly 800,000 Israelis living in the Golan Heights, Judea and Samaria, and East Jerusalem we find all kinds of people whom we otherwise encounter in Israeli society. The number of Israelis who would not live in a 'settlement' for ideological reasons is decreasing for various reasons.

The term 'settlement' can be confusing. It covers a whole spectrum of cities, villages and towns, including small farms in the Judean Desert or the hill country of Samaria.

In addition to the settlers from Jerusalem, there are also residents of the Golan Heights, which were occupied by Israel during the Six-Day War and declared Israeli territory by law in 1981. Shortly after the end of the war, experienced kibbutzniks founded the first kibbutz, 'Marom Golan.' Soon more were added. Today, when you visit Susita, one of the archaeological national parks, you cannot only walk along a Roman road but also watch a film that tells how, during the War of Independence, kibbutzniks from Ein Gev even captured a Syrian military base from which they were constantly shelled.

The settlement of the Golan Heights after the Six-Day War was primarily for security reasons. During the Yom Kippur War in 1973, the residents were forced to flee. But they returned after the war and rebuilt the destroyed places. Today, the Golan Heights are a place of fertile plantations, vineyards and pastureland. At an altitude of over 1000 meters above sea level, raspberries and blueberries, which do not otherwise grow in Israel, also thrive.

Archaeological excavations testify to an interesting history and nature reserves attract countless visitors.

From the shores of the Sea of Galilee, one can see a hilltop in front of the Golan Heights where, after the First World War and the fall of the Ottoman Empire, representatives of Great Britain and France stood to divide the area between themselves. At that time, the Golan Heights were then assigned to France. With the end of the French mandate, Syria became independent in 1946. The British had the mandate to enable the Jews to establish a national homeland on their territory both west and east of the Jordan. But by the early 1920s, about 75% of the British Mandate of Palestine had been separated and declared the Emirate of Abdullah Ibn



Aerial view over Israeli settlement Har Homa. | Photo: Shutterstock

Hussein. Abdullah actually came from the Arabian Peninsula. His father had been the Sherif of Mecca. The League of Nations approved this first partition of Palestine on 16 September 1922. As a result, the East Bank of the British Mandate of Palestine became the Emirate of Transjordan.

After the signing of the Oslo Accords in 1993, the government of Yitzhak Rabin considered returning the Golan Heights to Syria. At that time, banners, posters, and stickers reading 'The People with the Golan' appeared everywhere. Today, no one in Israel regrets that a 'peace agreement' with Syria under these conditions was not reached. From the perspective of the EU and a large part of the UN, the Israeli inhabitants of the Golan Heights are still occupiers of Syrian territory. Under President Donald Trump, the United States recognised Israeli sovereignty over the Golan Heights in 2019.

There were settlers 'who were residents of the Jewish villages in the Gaza Strip.' Exactly 20 years ago, the Israeli government under Ariel Sharon implemented a decision to unilaterally separate from the Palestinians. All residents of the Jewish communities in the Gaza Strip were forcibly relocated, 'uprooted,' as they themselves called it. This was done with the approval of the whole world, even though according to the Fourth Geneva Convention it is no longer legal to 'deport or transfer' civilians for political reasons.

When in the year 2023, in connection with the controversies and massive demonstrations surrounding the judicial reform, there was talk of "the greatest crisis since the founding of the State of Israel," the thought of the unfortunate separation from the Palestinians in the Gaza Strip through the expulsion of its own population was unavoidable. In my view, the heartbreaking scenes of Israeli soldiers forcibly dragging their own civilians from their homes was the

greatest crisis in Israeli society, with terrible consequences.

The Palestinians could have built a Singapore on the eastern shore of the Mediterranean. But they built Hamastan—and the world continued to talk about occupation, even though not a single Jew, not a single Israeli soldier, remained in the Gaza Strip. The flourishing agriculture with its huge greenhouses on sand, synagogues, schools and kindergartens, all residential buildings were destroyed by the Palestinians—"the world of yesterday," as Stefan Zweig would say, ceased to exist.

Twenty years after that tragic attempt to secede from the Palestinians in Gaza and grant them self-rule; after three decades of rocket fire and terrorist attacks on Israeli territory, culminating on 7 October 2023, in the worst massacre of Jews since the Holocaust, retired Major General Gershon HaCohen, who led the expulsion of Jews from the Gaza Strip, admits that without the evacuation of the settlements, the massacre would not have happened. The smuggling of weapons from Iran and the establishment of a terrorist stronghold in the Gaza Strip would not have been possible in this way.

So far, we have been dealing with settlers who, from the Israeli perspective, are not settlers. Then there are settlers who are no longer settlers because the government evacuated them from the villages in the Gaza Strip against their will. Then there are the settlers, about whom there is a lot of talk at the moment, who live in places that are historically very important for the Jewish people.

I write "at the moment" because on 23 July 2025, the Knesset, by a majority of 71 votes, issued an official recommendation to the Israeli government to declare sovereignty over Judea, Samaria, and the Jordan Valley. This resolution describes these

territories as an inseparable part of the historical, cultural and spiritual homeland of the Jewish people. For example, there are settlers from Hebron. It was there that the patriarch Abraham bought a field to bury his wife, Sarah. The patriarchs Isaac and Jacob are also buried there together with their wives Rebekah and Leah. King David ruled in this city before making Jerusalem Israels capital. For 3,000 years, there was a continuous Jewish community in Hebron until Arabs committed a horrific massacre in the summer of 1929. The British Mandate evacuated the surviving Jews, so that the old Hebron community was wiped out. When assessing a situation from a historical perspective, the question always arises as to how far back in history one should go. To Biblical times? To the Byzantine period? To the Middle Ages? Into the early modern period? Regarding the Golan Heights, the Gaza Strip, Judea and Samaria, there is archaeological and written evidence of a Jewish presence, often of a Jewish majority population. The beautiful mosaic from an ancient synagogue in the Gaza Strip can now be admired, for example, in the Museum of the Good Samaritan on the way to the Dead Sea. In Europe, Gentiles always wanted to determine where Jews could live and where they could not. That is why Jewish life in Europe is characterised by expulsions, restrictions, ghettos and worse. Even today, when the Jewish people have returned to their original homeland, we Europeans obviously want to continue to determine where Jews may and may not live, even in their own country.

The Palestinians and their supporters have made their voices heard around the world, not only in Arabic but also in a universally understandable chant: 'From the river to the sea, Palestine shall be free!' They openly demand that the entire historical territory of Israel from the Jordan to the Mediterranean Sea should be 'judenrein.'

When the slogan 'From the river to the sea' became so popular, I was personally immediately struck by an irony of fate, or perhaps the irony of God. This sentence comes from the Bible. There God promises His people (Deuteronomy II:24): "Every place that your foot sets on will be yours: from the desert to Lebanon, from the Euphrates River to the Mediterranean Sea, all of it will be your territory." However, there is also a condition attached to this in the relationship between the God of Israel and His people.

Born in 1965, Krista Gerloff grew up in the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic (ČSSR) and studied theology in Prague, Halle an der Saale and Tübingen (Germany). Since 1994 she lives with her family in Jerusalem.

Our Projects /



■ Valeria Zakharova Jewish Agency for Israel

Late August to September is the best time to harvest fruits. Our greatest 'fruits' are happy families who find ways to fulfill themselves in Israel and become part of it. This story is exactly about that.

In the spring of 2023, a family from Russia made *Aliyah* through the First Home in the Homeland programme and quickly found themselves welcomed into a supportive *kibbutz* community. From their very first days, they were surrounded by kindness and encouragement, which helped them complete *Ulpan* (Hebrew language school) successfully and begin new initiatives. Their story proves that kindness inspires kindness, and a will to help always bears fruit.

"We have been living in Israel for two years now. We are a young family—father Anton, mother Irina, daughters Margarita and Varvara, and our dog Chak-Chak. Our *Aliyah* has exceeded all our expectations! Thanks to the 'First Home in the Homeland' programme, we found ourselves in a wonderful place—the Biblical Mount Gilboa[†], in the religious *kibbutz* Ma'ale Gilboa," Anton shares.

Anton holds a PhD degree; he used to work as a journalist and University professor. Irina worked as a journalist and an exhibition projects curator. Both of their daughters studied at the Gymnasium (editor: academic high school).

Two years ago, they came to Israel with the First Home in the Homeland programme to the *kibbutz* Ma'ale Gilboa. After completing the programme, their story with the *kibbutz* didn't end. They

Pictures on the Wall

asked if they could stay a little longer, to continue actively participating in the life of the community and supporting it creatively.

"Being a creative family, we were excited to come up with the idea for a children's art exhibition. Our small but vibrant and unique gallery took shape right on the wall of our house. The first exhibition featured drawings by children of new olim—drawings as memories of the past and reminders of the future. After the first, came the second and third exhibitions. The new artists were children from the kibbutz kindergarten. This year, our project was dedicated to the theme of the return of Israeli hostages from Gaza. Through their drawings, the boys and girls expressed emotions of compassion, sorrow, and hope. Our hearts are united, and we are all waiting for their safe return home." Despite all the difficulties, life in Israel and on the kibbutz continues—Anton's family is full of ideas, hopes and faith in a bright future in Israel.

Anton graduated from the Ulpan (Hebrew class) for teachers and successfully passed the exam. Now he is looking for a school for an internship: "I think being a geography teacher would suit me best, and my many years of experience as a university teacher, as well as my experience in traveling and scientific expeditions to the will help me with this". Irina also began additional training. Before that, she completed a medical course at MADA (Magen David Adom, the national ambulance service providing emergency medical care in Israel), and today she began classes in pedagogy. The family travels around Israel and





never ceases to be amazed at how many interesting things there are in this small country. They have already visited many amazing places—from Rosh HaNikra to Eilat and many more places that they plan to visit. Each journey gives them even more inspiration and strength to move forward.

Anton and Irina have heard a lot about Christians for Israel (C4I) and conveyed the warmest words of gratitude for everything C4I does for the programme and all Jewish people around the world, your support and prayers strengthen our families in their desire to live in the Promised Land, to build their future here and the future of their children.

We believe that the people of Israel cannot be broken, that after the rain there will always be a rainbow and together, we will overcome any challenges. | Photos: First Home in the Homeland

'Mount Gilboa is most famously mentioned in the Bible as the site of the tragic battle, where King Saul and his sons, including Jonathan, were killed. This battle marked a major turning point in Israelite history, leading to David's rise to power.

Summer of Blessings in Bethlehem!

This summer the church of Rev Naim and Elvira Khoury hosted a joyful family retreat with over 130 participants—parents and children alike. In a time of challenges, God opened the door for Arab Christian families to gather, worship, and grow together.

With the theme from Matthew 9 and 19, "We must leave everything and follow Him,"





families enjoyed uplifting programmes, children's activities, and fellowship at a lovely location surrounded by trees.

The joy was tangible—families expressed deep gratitude for the chance to refresh, connect, and strengthen their faith. We thank the Lord for this season and all who partnered with us to make it possible. | Photos: First Baptist Church Bethlehem







Ukrainian Teens Embark on Journey of Hope

Mid-September, 29 young people from across Ukraine embarked on a life-changing journey to Israel through the Na'aleh study programme. For many, this is more than just an opportunity for education—it is a chance to reconnect with their heritage, rebuild their future, and strengthen their faith.

One of these students is Elisaveta, known as Liza, a 14-year-old girl from Kherson. Liza grew up in a Jewish family and discovered her roots at the age of eight. Her parents enrolled her in the Jewish school of Rabbi Yosef Wolf, where she learned about *Shabbat*, Jewish history, about the Land of Israel, and the God of Israel.

Unfortunately her studies were abruptly disrupted in February 2022, when the war broke out in Ukraine. Kherson was quickly occupied, and Liza's family endured nine long months of fear, destruction, and uncertainty. Their home was bombed, forcing them to flee with her grandparents to Nikolayev. Despite the hardships, Liza's spirit remained strong. What she missed most was her Jewish education, which had closed due to the war. Determined to continue learning, she joined an online Jewish school in Zaporozhe.

"I learned a lot about Israel in school but never visited the Land," Liza says. "I used to feel a bit jealous that older students could go to Israel through Na'aleh. Now that I am 14, I can join too! I am not afraid to go, the last few years of war in Ukraine were very hard but made me strong! And I am ready to go!"

Another student, Nikita, also looks forward to this journey. He first learned about Na'aleh at the 'Israel Open' fair in Kyiv in 2024. The entrance exam was the longest of his life, lasting nearly a full day, but he persevered and was accepted. "Today times are difficult in Ukraine, and in Israel too," Nikita reflects. "But I believe the war in Israel will end soon. In Ukraine, no one knows when the war will end. For me, it is safer and wiser to study in Israel."

Nikita dreams of higher education, a meaningful profession, and building his life in Israel together with his family. "Today we, Jewish people, have the opportunity to return to Israel, no matter where we live. This reminds me of what is written in the *Tanakh* (Hebrew Bible): one day all the Jewish people will gather in their homeland, in Eretz Israel. And of course, my wish is that our family stays together. That's why my parents, along with my younger brother, plan to move to Israel as soon as possible. | Photo: Christians for Israel Ukraine

As these brave Ukrainian teens prepare to step into a new chapter, let us keep them in our prayers. May their life in Israel be blessed with safety and growth.

Please consider giving today to support our work in Ukraine, so we can help teenagers and Jewish families on their way to their new future in the Promised Land.



Liza (right) with her grandmother and sister.



The group ready for their departure to Israel

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